Reagan empowers re-election team

WASHINGTON (R) - President Reagan signed papers Monday that make him a candidate for re-election in the eyes of the law but stressed that he has not made a final decision to seek another four-year term in the White House, In a letter to the U.S. Federal Election Commission (FEC), which oversees campaign law. Mr. Reagan designated a group called "Reagan-Bush '84" as his principal campaign committee and said it "will be of great help to me at such time as I may make a formal decision to seck a second term." He conceded that the action makes him a candidate "in the eyes of the law." but said he wanted to preserve some "wiggle room" when asked if he was actually a candidate. Mr. Reagan told reporters he would make a formal decision an candidacy possibly by the first of the year (1984)."

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Prince Philip arrives in Jordan

Herr

AMMAN (Petra) - His Royal Highness Crown Prince Hassan received at Queen Alia Int-ernational Airport Prince Philip. the Duke of Edinburgh, the husband of Queen Elizabeth II, who arrived in Jordan Monday on a private visit guest of Prince Has-san. Prince Philip will meet His Majesty King Hussein and visit a number of economic and development projects in Jordan.

Shawwa seeks Cairo's assistance to students

CAIRO (R) - The former mayor of the Israeli-occupied Gaza Strip. Rashad Al Shawwa, Monday asked for Egyptian help for its students. Mr. Shawwa, on a visit to Egypt, told reporters after talks with Foreign Minister Kamal Hassan Ali: "I have asked for Egyptian help for the strip including the increase of scholarships and other facilities for Gaza students." He added: "We are not happy under Israeli occupation, Buildiog Jewish settlements is a violation of our sovereignty and the Arab countries should unify their stand towards this issue."

Assad chairs party meeting

DAMASCUS (R) - Syrian President Hafez Al Assad Sunday chaired the first meeting this year of the ruling Baath Parry's 75meinber central committee, which the government daily Tishrin said was expected to take important decisions on Lebanon. The official Syrian News Agency SANA said the meeting, the first this year, would discuss domestic issues. Arah affairs and foreign policy.

Gandhi meets rebel Sri Lankan leader

NEW DELHI (R) - Indian Prime Minister Indira Gandhi Monday met Appapillai Amirthanlingam, leader of the Sri Lankan Tamil United Liberation Front ITULFI, which advocates a separate state for the island's Tamil minority. Mr. Amirihalingam later told reporters that he had asked the Indian leaders to see that talks between the Sri Lankan government and Tamil leaders were held soon, and that he had told the Indian premier about the situation on the island.

Dhaka awaits official Indian word on fence

DHAKA (R) - Bangladesh is awaiting the official text of remarks by Indian Prime Minister Indira Gandhi that India will proceed with a tence along the border between the two countries. Foreign Minister Shamsud Doha said

Heseltine arrives in Ankara

ANKARA(R) -- British Defence Secretary Michael Heseltine arrived here Monday for talks on detence cooperation and possible arms sales, the Turkish Defence Ministry said. Mr. Heseltine, whose 24-hour visit was announced only shortly before his arrival, would also probably discuss the Cyprus problem with officials here, informed sources here said.

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- coaster, by Rami G. Khouri. page 4 Effective action needed
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Sharif Zaid reaffirms Kingdom's commitments towards Arab Nation

'Israel is trying to block U.S. arms sales to Jordan'

By a Jordan Times Staff Reporter

AMMAN — Jordan Monday accused Israel of trying to abort the sale of sophisticated U.S. arms to the Jordanian army and reaffirmed the Kingdom's commitment to continue support for Arab states in all aspects, including the military one.

In a statement to the Jordanian Armed Forces Lt.-Gen. Sharif Zaid Ibn Shaker said: "Israel and he said, the Zionist lobby (in the U.S.) have made it difficult for Jordan to obtain American arms in an attempt to thwart Jordanian efforts that military discussions between to get advanced arms from the

is nothing new or surprising as it reminds us of Israel's previous attrif Zaid's statement: itudes against all efforts made by

reports broadcast by Israel Radio Arab brothers - commitments last week which mentioned the so-called "Rapid Deployment Force (RDF1" to be financed and armed by the U.S., to be used as a mobile force in emergencies in the

Congressional sources were that U.S. officials had been consulting Congress on equipping a mobile force of Jordanian army units. They said the Reagan administration has proposed about military one, to those brotherly \$200 million in aid primarily for Arab states in return for their aid. troop-carrying planes and other equipment to move the force aroand the Gulf.

over Arab identity and unity of been a permanent feature of that dan's support for Arab brothers in Majesty the King and deepened the Gulf and other Arab regions is not a new policy. Such a policy has tury. Such a policy has been in full beeo in full compliance with the compliance with the principle of principle of mutual assistance among various Arab states."

DAMASCUS (Rt - Palestinian

leader Yasser Arafat Monday

faced a new challenge to his lea-

dership of the Palestine Lib-

eration Organisation (PLO) when

the head of its regular fighting arm

joined rebels demanding his rep-

Brigadier Tariq Al Khodra.

chief of staff of the Palestine Lib-

eration Army (PLA1, which has

20,000 troops attached to the arm-

ies of Syria. Egypt and Iraq. said

he no longer recognised Mr. Ara-

His statement, carried by the

December but Western diplomats

said Monday the Kremlin may not

have reached a final decision on its

Commenting on an official rep-

ort of Soviet-West German talks

in Vienna at the weekend, the dip-

lomats said it implied Moscow

would see no point in continuing

the negotiations ooce deployment

of new Western missiles starts in

two months time.

MOSCOW (R) - The Soviet had been couched in deliberately

Union has given a strong hint it vague terms which did not firmly

will walk out of the Geneva commit Soviet leaders to any cou-

But they added that the app- Gromyko had declared it was up

arent threat to abandon Geneva to the Uoited States to change its

medium-range missile talks in rse of action.

fat as head of the PLO.

Moscow

"As other countries support News Ageney. Petra. Jordan. it, in its turn, will continue Commander-in-Chief of the to support its Arab brothers in all fields, including the military one."

The commander-in-chief said Jordan considered the U.S. one of its main arms suppliers, adding Amman and Washington "have . been taking place every year ope-"In fact, the recent Israeli move nly and in broad daylight."

Following is the full text of Sha-

"Jordan rejects and condemns Arab states," he added.

Sharif Laid was referring to national commitments towards that have grown and become well established within the framework of Jordan's belief in Arab solidarity and unity of Arab destiny.

"Jordan, under the leadership of His Majesty King Hussein, has always supported and will conquoted as saying in Washington tinue to support Arab brothers as it sees in them a steady source of support. By the same token. Jor -dan offers as much assistance as it could, in all fields, including the

"Jordan's support for its Arab brothers in the Gulf, and elsewhere, is not a new policy, nor is Reaffirming Jordan's coocern it a novelty, as this support has by practice over a quarter of a cenmutual assistance among various Arab states and peoples in their

official Syrian News Agency

SANA, came less than 24 hours

after Syria's defence minister bra-

nded Mr. Arafat a traitor and

Mr. Arafat, as head of the PLO

executive, theoretically wields

authority over the PLA. But in

practice its troops respond to the

commands of the three Arab arm-

practices, and the PLA regards the

leadership of the revolutionary

uprising as the legitimate lea-dership." Brig. Khodra's sta-

"It's possible they just want to

keep the West guessing, but our

impression is that the leadership

has still not finally made up its

mind whether quitting the talks

would be in its best interests," one

Western disarmament expert said.

meeting between foreign min-

isters Andrei Gromykn and

Hans-Dietrich Genscher said Mr.

The Soviet report on the Vienna

"We shall confront Arafat's

slave of the United States.

and in their drive for development. and progress under an umbrella of security and stability.

"Jordan, which believes in diversification of its sources of arms supplies, still considers the United States one of the important sources of arms for its Armed Forces. To that end, Jordan has developed organisational frameworks that serve this purpose. This has been a fact known to all, and moreover, our meeting and consultations with the American side on arms sales and other related issues have been taking place every year openly and in broad daylight. Nonetheless, Jordan does not

find it easy to obtain American arms, whether for financial or political reasons created by Israel and the Zionist lobby to block Jordanian efforts for getting modern weapoos. This is obviously manifested in the way news of this issue (the so-called Jordanian RDF; has been disseminated, and which was directed in the first place at thwarting recent Jordanian efforts for obtaining advanced U.S. arms which were found necessary for the Armed Forces. Intensified consultations have been held frequently with the American side on the issue.

"In fact, the recent Israeli move is neither new nor surprising, as it reminds us of Israel's previous attitudes against all efforts made by Arab states neighbouring Israel to obtain modern weaponry from the U.S., or any other source.

"Jordan, while greatly concerned for its sovereignty and independence, is also keen on defending the Arab Identity against all threats, whether coming through direct aggression or attempts at foreign domination.

ional responsibilities whenever called upoo to do so, as it has always done throughout its history regardless of all obstacles and difficulties which the enemies of the Arab Natioo try to create." chief-of-staff defects to rebels

tement said.
"Arafat is involved in

American-Zionist plots and is

dragging the Palestinian people

down a dangerous road." he said.

'In his statements and deeds Ara-

The PLA headquarters is in

Damascus and its units in Syria

and Lebanon have been firmly

under the political and financial

wing of Syria for several years.

attitude if the Geneva talks were

The Soviet minister was quoted

as adding that an agreement at the

negotiations was still possible as

long as deployment of the U.S.

cruise and Pershing missiles in

Western Europe had not been sta-

"Until the deployment of new

American atomic missile weapons

begins in the FRG | West Ger-

many) and other couotries, an

agreement still remains possible."

Most Western diplomats said

they saw the phrasing as the cle-

Mr. Gromyko said.

PLO crisis, page 2

hints at walkout from arms talks

fat represents only himself." he

added.

Yugoslav premier, Ramadan hold talks

Prime Minister Milka Planine began talks here Monday with Iraqi First Deputy Premier Taha Yassin Ramadan on the Gulf war. the Middle East and other issues of common interest, the Iraqi News Agency said.

Diplomats said the talks also centred on Iraqi requests to defer payments for projects carried out by Yugoslav firms. They said Iraq was repaying part of the debts in crude oil but gave no details.

They said Mr. Ramadan briefed Planine on Iraq's efforts to boost oil exports through a pipeline through Turkey to the Med-iterranean and other projected outlets through Saudi Arabia and

The 800,000 barrels a day Turkish pipeline has been Iraq's unly outlet for its oil exports since the outbreak of the war with Iran closed its Gulf ports and Syria shut a pipeline through its territory to

Syria weighs Arab deal nn Iraqi Kaddoumi, Sheikh Sabah discuss pipeline, page 2

arest signal so far that Moscow

was considering leaving the talks

at that juncture. But they added

that it also made clear the Kremlin

would not walk nut before dep-

Following the weekend talks.

Mr. Genscher said his impression

was that the Soviet Union had still

not firmly decided whether to stay

Diplomats said the fact that Mr.

Gromyko had not spoken to the

press also indicated that the Kre-

mlin did not want to be pinned

down too firmly at the present

on at Geneva after December.

loyment begins.



Two members of the Shi'ite Muslim sect, who Sunday protested against the continued Israeli occupation by burning Israeli vehicles in the southern Lebanese town of Nabatiyeh, shouts slogans and raises the V-far-victory symbol (A.P. wirephoto)

Hassan urges efforts to implement WHO services in occupied lands

Highness Crown Prince Hassan Monday called on the int- conditions. emational community to pressure Israel to facilitate World Health Organisation (WHO) services for Palestinians living under occ-

upation, Prince Hassan, who was opening a meeting of the WHO's Eastern Mediterranean regional committee at the Royal Cultural Centre, pointed out that "thousands of innocent Arab citizens have lost their life in the occupied serritories and in neighbouring Arab countries as a result of lsrael's open aggression, which has also led to wide-scale destruction.

The Israeli aggression, Prince Hassan said, has resulted in thousands of Palestinians being displaced from their homes and thousands of others being deported

AMMAN (J.T.) - His Royat from their homeland whn are living under most difficult health

More than a million Arabs have been living under the Israeli nccupation tin the West Bank and Gaza) for more than 16 years, facing constant threat to their individual and national identity. Prince Hassan pointed out. They also face the threat of losing their land in the Israeli drive for building mare Jewish settlements in the occupied territories, he said.

Israel's practices in the occupied territories call for a firm intemational stand. Prince Hassan said. He called on the WHO to organise its activities mure effectively so that the people under occupation could be guaranteed appropriate health conditions.

Full story on page 3

BAGHDAD (R) - Yugoslav

The diplomats estimated more 20,000 Yu and about 100 Yugoslav firms were working on Iraqi develapment projects, including two huge dams on the River Euphrates io wesiero Iraq, hydroelectric power plants and telecommunications and housing projects.

Jordan.

the Mediterranean to Iraqi oil.

Lebanese sniping, shelling continue as reconciliation inches forward

BEIRUT(R) - Fresh sniping and shelling broke out on three of Lebanon's war fronts Monday as a mediator reported some progress in bringing rival factions to the negotiating table. Businessman Rafiq Al Hariri, a

key aide in Saudi peace efforts for Lebanon, said two pro-Syrian polticians had agreed to attend a national reconciliation conference scheduled for this Thursday. Mr. Hariri made the ann-

ouncement to reporters after talks in northern Lebanon with former President Suleiman Franjieh and ex-Premier Rashid Karami, the leading figures in the north of the

was still under discussion. The to meet for the past three weeks. A Lebanese army soldier was

wounded Monday morning in sniper fire between rival predominantly Christian rightists and Shi'ite Muslim neighbourhoods in the southern suburbs of the cap-

Clashes between the army and gunmen were reported sporadically throughout the morning in the southern slums, which have been raked by daily sniper fire

ital, the army said,

despite the Sept. 26 ceasefire. President Amin Gemayel has called the conference to discuss political reforms to end Lebanon's nine years of civil strife and foreign invasion.

Eight of the nine politicians invited to the talks have now accepted the iovitations in principle, though the holding of the conference still depends on finding an acceptable veoue. Mr. Hariri, speaking in Tripoli.

The mediator said the venue said he was returning to Beirut to brief President Gemayel on his government and warring factions talks with the two northern leahave been wrangling over where ders and would then head for Damascus. Opposition sources say they

hope that Syria will reverse its earlier rejection of Jeddah, Saudi Arabia, as the venue and allow the meeting to go ahead. In Tripoli, meanwhile, the city's

dominant Muslim fundamentalist group battled briefly with Syrian soldiers. One member of the "Islamic Unification Movement" militia was wounded in the clash, security sources said.

Marines blame 'infiltrators'

The commander of the 1.6(0) U.S. Marines in the four-nation Beirut peace force blamed newly-arrived infiltrators for the deaths of two U.S. Marines over the past week.

One Marine was killed and five wounded Sunday in machinegun and rocket-propelled grenade attacks on U.S. positions around their base at Beirut airport.

Colonel Tim Geraghty did not identify the assailants but said they had infiltrated since Israel pulled back from the Beirut outskirts on Sept. 4.

"They are obviously against the peacekeeping process and the nat-innal reconciliation that the government of Lebanon is trying to

get on track," he told a press con-ference.

McFarlane to replace Clark

WASHINGTON(R) -- President Reagan has chosen Middle East negotiator Robert McFarlane as White House national security affairs adviser to replace William Clark, administration officials said Sunday night.

Mr. Clark was named last week as interior secretary, in charge of America's natural resources, after James Watt resigned from the cab-

Mr. McFarlane, who kept his title as Mr. Clark's deputy when he went to the Middle East twn and a half months ago, returned to Washington last week after helping to negotiate the fragile truce among warring factions in Leb-

Officials said they did not know vho would succeed him as Middle

East envoy.

Both Time magazine and ABC Television News said United Natons Ambassador Jeane Kirkpatrick, the other major contender for Mr. Clark's job. would he offered some as yet undefined job in Washington if she wishes to

White House Chief of Staff James Baker, interviewed on a television news programme, (CBS Face the Nation") gave no hint of when a decision might come or who would be offered the post. The 45 year-old McFarlane, has

been favoured for the national security post by Mr. Clark, Mr. Baker and Secretary of State George Shultz. But Defence Secretary Caspar

Weinberger and Central Intelligence Agency (CIA) Director William Casey have been pushing for Mrs. Kirkpatrick because they fear Mr. McFarlane will not have the direct influence on presidential decisions Mr. Clark did. As a trusted confident and

long-time Reagan friend, Mr. Clark has eojoyed virtually unrestricted access to the president. week took emergency measures to

Casualties will not alter Lebanon policy, U.S. says WASHINGTON(R) - President current ceasefire stated that Syria

Reagan is determined to keep an was encouraging Lebanese fac-American military presence in tions to continue fighting said: Lebanon despite fresh easualties among the 1,6th U.S. Marines in idents tattacks on U.S. Marinesi. the multinational peace-keeping force there, the White House said Monday.

Spokesman Larry Speakes firmly rejected suggestions that the killing of a Marine Sunday by a sniper, the sixth fatality the Americans have sustained, might force Mr. Reagan to review his policy in

"There with be no lack of determination on our part to remain there." Mr. Speakes said. "These incidents do not deter the United States in any way. The Marines... signing last week of a conwill stay as long as the president thinks it is necessary.'

"We are disturbed by these inc-

"There appear to be certain elements in the Middle East that are intent on disrupting the ceasefire and the peace process and also centring on the U.S. presence.

Mr. Reagan voiced concern 10 days ago over the inclusion of SS-21 battlefield missiles among arms supplies he said were being sent by the Soviet Union to Syria.

U.S. officials said a turther sign o) Mr. Reagan's resolve was his gressional resolution authorising him to keep the Marines in Leb-Mr. Speakes, who before the annu for a further 18 months.

Liberals' split delays Aridor's replacement

TEL AVIV (R) — Israel was still hall Israel's economic decline, has without a finance minister to tackle a major economic crisis Monday because of splits within one of he coalition parties.

State radio reported Prime Minster Yitzhak Shamir had chosen parliamentarian Yigal Cohen-Orgad, a right-wing hardliner from his Herut (freedom) Party.

to fill the post. Informed sources said a press statement announcing the appointment was held up at the last minute because of splits within the Liberal Party, one of the main coa-

lition pariners. Four of the party's 18 parliameotarians have formed a new group and want Mr. Shamir to recognise them as a separate facking to retain a majority in par-

liament. The government, which last been without a finance minister since Yoram Aridor resigned the post last Thursday.

Parliament reconvened for its winter session with the opposition Labour Party pressing tor an early general election.

Other leftist opposition politicians have tabled a motion of no-confidence in Mr. Shamir's week-old administration but this was not to be debated until later

this week. Mr. Shamir's search for a minister has been hampered by coalition disagreements and Deputy Premier David Levy's refusal to take the job. dubbed "mission

impossible" by newspapers. Mr. Cohen-Orgad, 46, who has to the occupied Arab West Bank

tion. Mr. Shamir needs their bac- a degree in economics, is regarded as a hawk. He has moved his home and opposed the Camp David tre-

the sales of the s

Rangoon links Korean saboteurs to Oct. 9 blast Koreans and wounded 14 others RANGOON (R) - Three Korthe captured Koreans, together and 32 Burmese. He has blamed with the broken parts of a printed North Korea for the incident. circuit and a condenser found at

ean saboteurs found in Rangoon last week had an extensive range of equipment, including fountain pens that could be used as mines. and some of it matched items recovered after a blast that killed four South Korean cabinet ministers. the government said Monday.

A statement carried by the official Burmese News Ageocy (NAB) was the first word from the government on initial results of an investigation into the blast on Oct.

at the Martyrs' Mausoleum. South Korean President Chun. Doo Hwan narrowly missed the explosion which killed 17 South

But there was still no word from the government here on whether the three "saboteurs" - one of whom was killed by police while trying to escape from their custody

- were North or South Koreans. The official investigation into the blast is being conducted by a committee headed by Home and Religious Affairs Minister Major-General Min Gaung and NAB said the probe had turned up

fresh details of the blast. The statement said a radio receiver and transmitter seized from

the explosion was detonated by

remote control. "Some of the items seized from the captured men and those found at the site of the explosion were identical," it added.

The statement said items found on the men included food, medicines, dry-cell batteries, fountain pens which could be used as mines, iron balls, and pins for hand-grenades.

Two unexploded bombs were

found at the mausoleum, one charged with TNT and fuel, as well as a broken part of a circuit plate. the mausoleum, led the inv- condenser parts, ball bearings and estigators to the conclusion that small-sized horseshoe type magnets, it added.

South Korean sources here said one unexploded bomb was a high-powered Claymore device while the other was an incendiary of the anti-tank warhead type. They said the bombs could be

exploded from a distance of one to two kilometres.

Seoul awaits results of Rangoon

DLEE/ST

Arabia, Kuwait to resume mediation between Iraq, Syria

MUVART (R) - Saudi Arabia and Kuwait are expaging to resume efforts this week to help solve dif-Ferry cas between neighbouring Iraq and Syria, the Mawriff Gally As Siyassa reported Monday.

the daily, quoting an official across its territory to the Medsource, said Saudi Foreign Min-ister I rince Saud Al-Faisal and his Vormaid counterpart. Sheikh Sobali Al-Alimed Al-Sabali. Sighth ind Damascus.

rao and Syria are ruled by itval begiens of the Baath Party and last year Syria, which supports from in its y at with Iraq, closed a

As-Siyassa said the latest mediation was part of Gulf Cooperation Council (GCC) efforts to help solve inter-Arab disputes before an Arab summit meeting expected to be held in Saudi Arabia next month.

The council groups Saudi Arabia. Datar. Kuwair. Bahrain. ripeline correing Iraqi oil exports Oman and the United Arab Emi-

which Jordan, Syria and the Pal-

estine Liberation Organisation

are funded by the Arab states of

the Gulf in the confrontation with

Israel. The payments are due to

that Syria might benefit eco-

nomically if it reopened the pip-

eline was suggested by the pre-

sident of the UAE, Sheikh Zayed

Ibn Sultan Al Nahayan, to Mr.

Assad in a private meeting here

So far. Syria has given no ind-

Sheikh Zayed's visit was fol-

lowed by the arrival of an envoy

from Algeria who was also inv-

olved in the mediation as a rep-

resentative of an Arab state with

good relations with all sides in the

Iraq and Syria are long-standing ideological foes. Ruled by rival

factions of the Baath Party, they

have been at odds, on and off, for

a tripartite. summit with the Syr-

ian and Iraqi leaders and Saudi

King Fahd, but the proposed mee-

The closure of the pipeline in

April last year, connecting the rich

tragi oil fields of Kirkuk and

Mosul with a Romanian-built ref-

inery at the Syrian port of Baniyas.

reduced Iraqi oil exports by one

Iraq, its exports through the

Gulf already halted by the war,

was left with only one outlet for its

oil — the pipeline from the Kirkuk

field to the Turkish Med-

iterranean port of Cevhan with a

capacity of about 700,000 barrels

ting never took place.

millioo barrels a day.

ication it is ready to agree.

Diplomats believe the prospect

end this autumn.

As-Siyassa said Prince Saud was expected to visit Kuwait in the next two days to be briefed by Kuwait's prime minister. Sheikh Saad Al-Abdulla Al-Sabah, on his recent visits to Baghdad. Dam-

ascus and Algiers.
Diplomats in Damascus said Sun Jay Syria was weighing an Arat plan to reopen the Iraqi pip-

They said the plan was part of an attempt to persuade Iraq oot to use French-built Super-Etendard planes against Iranian targets. Tehran has threatened to halt all oil shipments through the Gulf if

Iraqi President Saddam Hussein told French journalists oo Thursday he expected five of the planes to be delivered by the end of this month.

At present, Iraq exports bet-ween 7tm (inti and 800,000 bar-rels of oil daily, most of it through a pipeline from the oil eity of Kirkuk to Ceyhan on Turkey's Mediterranean coast.

This is about a fifth of Iraq's oil exports before the Gulf war staned in September 1980. Iraq's export outlets in the Gulf were forced to close soon after the con-

Symbol weighs Arab on Iraqi windline shut in '82

y Michael Sheridan Renter

 $P(\lambda) \cap \{\{1,3\} \rightarrow Syria \text{ is weighing }\}$ or what they to reopen a pipeline built to terry traquoil across Syrian territor, in an effort to prevent an escalation of the Iran-Iraq war.

diplomats say.
The pressure on Syria to reopen the pipeline to the Mediterranean. a mena which would allow Iraq to more than double its oil exports, is peri of an extempt to persuade Iraq not to use French-built warpiones in its war against Iran.

The diplomais say a mission from the United Arab Emirates (UnE) to Syria and Iraq has been trying to stribe a deal to head off a possible a mistion of the threerear- 10 Gulf war.

in their has threatened to half

MEWS AMALYSIS

ad shirtage as through the Gulf if freq distribute franian oil exports. The deliging of five French Super Etenderel lets armed with Exocet missiles would loost Irag's ability to strike of Iranian oil ins-

The alligation of the strend frog's oil exports makes the deni of clear benefit to To a Mich word Thursday it expveta fine pienes to arrive in Iraq be with the and of the month. The Benefits to Syrian President

Hale . I sessad, a supporter of Ten in the fly ar, are less clear. The reverse ciplemats say a show of the continenced with Iraq would belt amount the way for more each from the oil-rich Arab

stourn for Christens.
The list's mass connect the efferris of the UNE with an Arab compact due to be held in Saudi rebut rest month. They believe the summit will a day.

sanctions against France LONDON (R) - A prominent three-year-old Gulf War. discuss renewal of the "Baghdad

clergyman Monday urged the Tehran government to take meaional news agency IRNA repagreements" of 1978, under Ayatollah Mahdavi Kani, inf-

luential head of the society of militant ulema (religious teachers). the government, parliament and president to reconsider our economic relations with France."

It said the French decision to supply Iraq with five Supersures against French economic Eteodard planes armed with Exoinferests in Iran, the franian nat- cet missiles had aroused deep anger among Iranians, adding that rag had bought weapons from

France worth almost \$6 billion. Delivery of the planes to Iraq is likely to boost Baghdad's ability to was quoted as saying: "We urge strike at Iranian oil installations. Iran has said it will cut off all oil shipments through the Gulf if its own oil production is disrupted.

The ageocy, received in Lon-don, said Ayatollah Kani called on Kani marked the Shrite Muslim the government to act "pra- festival of Ashura and was attctically" against governments helended by hundreds of thousands ping Iraq, Iran's enemy in the of people, it said.

17 Egyptians arrested after clash with police

Iranian clergyman urges

CAIRO (R) - Seventeen people were arrested after riots near the on various points of the road and Egyptian delta towo of Mansoura the railway." MENA added. when police and some 1,000 peo-ple clashed, the official Middle East News Agency (MENA) rep-

It said the riots broke out after a villager named Hussein Moh-At the Arab summit last Sepeheiddin Fahmy was killed in a car, collision near Mansoura. tember in Fez, Morocco, and in subsequent diplomatic efforts.

MENA said inhabitaots of Fahmy's home village were prothe rampage. It gave no further "They used car tyres to set fires

It said when police arrived at the area to put out the fires they were attacked by an estimated 1.000 villagers. The agency said police, had fired tear-gas bombs to break up the crowd and later resorted to firing shots in the air after some of the villagers took aim at the police with fire arms.

It said four of the villagers had voked by his death and went on been injured during the riots but gave no figure for police cas-

Japanese firm makes oil find off Abu Dhabi

TOKYO (R) - A Japanese oil exploration firm said Monday it had made a promising oil find off Abu Dhabi and hoped to begin commercial production next year. Mubarras Oil Company Limited said so far it had sunk three test wells in a 1,600-square kil-

ometre concession area.

The wells, in the Umm Al-Amber block, produced 5,000 barrels per day (hpd), 4,000 hpd and 2,500 hpd respectively, it said.

The company said it would soon ask specialists from Japan, the United States and Europe for productioo feasibility studies.



ON CONDITION ONE? U.S. Marines rest behind tracks of an armoured vehicle Saturday. Unknown assailants killed one Marine

and wounded two more in attacks in Beirut Sunday, brigging the number of Marines dead in Belrut up to six (A.P. wirephotn)

Saudi envoy in Italy to discuss military matters

ROME (R) — Saudi Arabia's defeoee and aviatioo minister. Prince Sultan Bin Abdulaziz, arrived Monday on a five-day official visit to meet Italian leaders and talk to the Italian air force.

Later Monday he was due to meet Italian Prime Minister Bettino Craxi and Defence Minister Giovanni Spadolini for talks on Saudi-Italian relations, military cooperation and the situation in Lebanon, officials said.

On Wednesday he will see President Saodro Pertini. Italy has had 2.000 troops statiooed in Lebanon for the past year as part of a four-nation peace force and has just been asked to supply observers along with Greece for a Saudi-mediated truce Prince Sultan is also due to visit

an Italian air force experimental flight unit, suggesting a possible ·Saudi interest in buying Italian aircraft or aviation equipment. Earlier this month, Prince Sul-

tan visited Madrid for talks on possible Saudi purchases of Spanish arms.

Kaddoumi, Sheikh Sabah discuss PLO problems

estinian official. Farouk Kaddoumi, said Monday he met Kuwaiti Foreign Minister Sheikh Sabah Al-Ahmed Al-Sabah to discuss differences between Syria and PLO leader Yasser Arafat. Mr. Kaddoumi, ehief foreign

affairs spokesman of the Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO). told reporters they also discussed Lebanon, the Gulf war and inter-Palestinian problems.

"We have not lost hope with Syria yet. We will seek all routes to group. Palestinian officials said

KUWAIT (R) - A senior Pal- a common fierce enemy. Israel." he said.

Mr. Arafat was exeplied from Svria in June after accusing the Damascus government of backing hardline rebels in his Fatch commando group, the core of the PLO. Syria denied the charge.

Mr. Kaddoumi, who arrived in Kuwait Sunday night, also chaired a seven-hour meeting of Fatch executives loval to Mr. Aratat to seek a solution to divisioos in the unite Arab efforts because we face without giving details.

Turkish women fail to gain political ground

By Seva Ulman

ANKARA - Since the introduction of women's rights almost 50 years ago. Turkish women have become active in many walks of business and professional life. but politics remains predominantly a male preserve.

This is clearly evident from the candidates' lists for general ele-ctions set for Nov. 6. Only 22 women are contesting the poll out of a total of 1,170 parliamentary hopefuls.

This imbalance in the political arena contrasts sharply with many other aspects of life in Turkey.

Women in Turkey are active in social life and have worked alongside men in many jobs for equal wages since a woman's rights law was introduced in 1934.

Ataturk's influence

The driving force behind ema-

neipation was the founder of the modern Turkish republic, Mustafa Kemal Ataturk, who spearheaded the move towards sexual equality in the 192us.

Under his influence, the retiring Turkish woman of the Ottoman era discarded her veil and began, albeit timidly at first, to appear at social occasions.

In subsequent years, women emerged quickly from the background to take part in the country's social and labour life, especially in the big cities.

They became doctors, joumalists, lawyers, engineers, teachers and even air force pilots. But they have never mounted a challenge to the male domination of politics or fought for equal rep-

resentation in parliament. The largest ever number of women parliameotarians was 18, all of them ordered to be candidates by Ataturk himself, a year after the women's rights law was eoacred.

....Jeddah, Medina (Saudia)

Baghdad (IA) Kuwait (KAC) Kuwaii (RJ)

Yesterday's high temperatures: Ammaa 25, Aqaba 29. Humidity rea-dings: Amman 26 per cent. Aqaba 36

there were only four.

parties to field women candiates in rural areas where traditional attitudes to women persist. "In rural areas, most families

former woman Member of Parliament.

'Women feel vulnerable'

Of the 22 women standing next 1946 and then to three in the 1950 month, three have been members general elections. From then on it of the military-appointed connever exceeded 10, and when the sultative assembly since the coup. military seized power in 1980 'Originally, only 15 women cantes were put up for the Nov-Politicians say a major reason ember election, but this was incfor this trend is a reluctance of reased by the parties after the rul-

> Four women out of the 15 proposed were among those vetoed. but their numbers were raised when the parties put forward rep-

In an early round of vetoes, the NSC barred Turkey's first woman cabinet minister. Turkan Akyol, from being a founder member of the Social Democratic Party, which in any case was not

Turkey's first woman university

TV & RADIO

TOWN TELEVISION MICH COLLEGE Koran The World We Live In Programmes Review Programme on Sport News in Arabic Series Local Programme Local Programme Local Programme from the Jer-

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BBC WORLD SERVICE 639. 720. 1413 KHz

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24:00 World News 00:09 The

World Today 90:25 Scotland this

Week 00:30 Financial News 00:40

Reflections 90:45 Sports Round-

up 01:00 World News 01:09 Com-mentary 01:15 Pied Piper 01:30

TODAY'S EVENTS

EXHIBITIONS

 Paintings by Omar Hamdan Shahwan at the French Cultural Centre. "Rake's Progress," at the Royal Cul-

BALLET

* The Scottish Ballet performs at the Royal Cultural Centre at 8:100 p.m. THEATRE

 Musical selections from the Dum Dum Tek play, at the Royal Cultural Centre at 6:00 p.m. **CBS NEWS**

At the American Centre at 4:00 and 7:00 p.m.

MUSEUMS

Folklore Museum: Jewelry and cosrumes over 100 years old. Also mosaics from Madaba and Jerash 14th to 18th centuries). The Roman Theatre. Amman. Opening hours: 9.01 a.m. - 5 p.m. Year-round. Tel. 51760. Jordan Archaeological Maseum: Has an excellent collection of the antiqueis of Jordan. Jabal Al Qafa [Citadel Hill].

WHAT'S GOING ON

Opening hours: 9.00 a.m. - 5.00 p.m. (Fridays and official holidays 10.00 a.m. 4.00 p.m.). Closed Tuesdays. Jordan National Gallery: Contains a collection of paintings, ceramics, and sculpture by contemporary Islamic artists from most of the Muslim coemtric and a collection of paintings by 19th Century orientalist artists. Muntasah, Jabal Luwerbdeh. Opening hours: 10.00 a.m. 1.30 p.m. and 3.30 p.m. - 6.00 p.m. Closed Tuesdays. Tel. 30128.

Mattyrs' Memorial (Military Museum):

Martyra Memorial (Milliary Museum): Collection of military memorabilla dar-ing from the Arab Revolt of 1916. Sports City. Amman. Opening hours 9 a.m.-4 p.m. Closed Saturdays. Tel. 664240.

SERVICE CLUBS

Lions Amman Club. Meetings every first and third Wednesday at the Tyche Hotel, 1.30 p.m. delobia Club. Meetings every second and fourth Wednesday at the Amman Marrion Hotel, 1.30 p.m. Philadelphia Rotary Club. Meetings every Wednesday at the Holiday Inn.

CHURCHES

St. Joseph Church (Roman Catholic) Jabal Amman, tel. 24590. Caurch of the Annunciation (Roman Catholic) Jabal Luweibdeh, 37440. De la Salle Church (Romas Catholic) Jabal Hussein, 661757. Church of the Annunciation (Greek Orthodox) Abdali, 23541. Anglican Church (Church of the Redeemer, Jabal Amman, 41559. Armenian Catholic Church Ashraliah. Armenian Orthodox Church Ashrafieh. St. Ephraim Church (Syrian Orthodox) Ashrafieh, 71751.

PRAYER TIMES

Amman international Church (Inter-deominational): meets at Southern Baptist School in Shmeisani, 663249,

.... (Survise) Shuruq Dhuhr ... Maghreb

AMMAN AIRPORT

ARRIVALS

	I Commenter of the last of the
09:40	Dhahran (RJ)
09:45	
89:45	Tonis (Tunisian Airways)
99:50	Muscat, Dubai 1RJ1
10:00	Doha, Bahrain RJ1
	Beirut (RJ)
	Muscal, Dubai, (GA)
11:30	Ankara (Turkish Airways)
13:00	Mowcow (Aeroflot)
13:25	Cairo (EA)
1440	Kuwait (KAC)
15:20	Jeddah, Medina (Saudia)
16:15	Athens (RJ)
16.38	Baghdad (IA)
16:38	Bangkok (RJ)
17:15	Beiru (MEA)
17-15	New York, Amsterdam (RJ)
17. 10	Iven Lote' umpresorm [10]
17:30	London, Belgrade (RJ)
18:15	Bahrain (RJ)
18:30	Cairo (RJ)
19:55	Cairo (EA)
20.30	A-L- CALO (LA)

DEPARTURES:

٦	06:40 Damascus, Frankfun (L.
1	77:00 Agaba (F
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	0:15 Damasous, Arbens, Geneva, Zu
	ich (SA1
	10:45 Tunis (Tunisian Airway)
	11:00 Vienna, New York (F
	11:00 Athens (F
	11:20 Cairo (R
	11:45 Bahrain (R
	12-00 Paris, London B
	12:15 Geneva, Frankfurt 1R
i	2:39 Ankara (Turkish Aliwa)
i	(GA) Bahrain, Abu Dhabi, Musc
	4:00 Moscow (Aerofic
-	435

Cairo (EA)

... Cairo (RJ)

FOR THE TRAVELLER

Dhahran (RJ)	MONEY EXCH.
Kuwait IRI1	MONET EXCH
Tunis (Tunisian Airways)	
Muscat, Dubai 1RJ1	Local sell/buy
Doha, Bahrain RJ	Belgia franc
Beurut (RJ)	Durch guilder 12
Muscat, Dubai, (GA)	Egyptian guinea 32
Ankara (Turkish Airways)	French franc
	Iragi dinar
Cairo (EA)	ttaian lire (for 100)
	learness was (for 100)
	Japanese yen (for 1001 . 1: Kuwaiti dinar 1
Jeddah, Medina (Saudia)	
Athens (RJ)	Lebanese lira 7
Bagbdad (IA)	Omani riyal t
Bangkok (RJ)	Qatari riyal
Bearus (MEA)	Saudi riyal
New York, Amsterdam (RJ)	Swedish crown 4
London, Belgrade (RJ)	Swiss franc 17
Bahrain (RJ)	Syrian liraS
Cairo (RJ)	UAE dirham9
Cairo (EA)	U.K. sterling pound 54
Atkens (DA)	U.S. doller

:46 Damascus, Frankfun (LH)
200 Acaba (RJ)
155 Cairo (RJ)
15 Damasous, Arbens, Geneva, Zur-
ich (SA)
:45 Tunis (Tunisian Airways)
180 Vienna, New York (RJ)
:00 Athens (RJ)
:20
:45
290 Paris, London (RJ)
215 Geneva, Frankfurt (RI)
Ankara (Turkish Alrways)
168 Bahrain, Abu Dhabi, Muscat
(GA)

This information is supplied by Alia information department at the Queen Alia International Airport tel. (08) 53250, where it should always be verified.

Aqaba (RJ) Dubai, Abu Dhabi (RJ)

	Dhahran (R)	MONEY EXCHAN	GE
	Tunis (Tunisian Airways)		
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	Beurut (RJ)	Dunch guilder 125.5/	
15	Muscat, Dubai, (GA)	Egyptian guinea 326.6/	
	Ankara (Turkish Airways)	French franc	
	Mowcow (Aeroflot)	Iragi digar 410/	414.3
	Cairo (EA)	tratian lire (for 100) 23/	23.2
0 .	Kuwait (KAC)	Japanese yen (for 1001 . 156.9	
	Jeddah, Medina (Saudia)	Kuwaiti dmar 1260	
	Athens (RJ)	Lebanese lira 70.5/	71.5
8	Baghdad (IA)	Omani siyal 1048/	1056.6
8 .	Bangkok (RJ)	Qatari riyal 99.8/	
	Beiru (MEA)	Saudi rival	
	New York, Amsterdam (RJ)	Swedish crown 46.8/	
	London, Belgrade (RJ)	Swise franc 173.2/	
	Bahrain (RJ)	Syrian lira \$9.8/	60.6
	Cairo (RJ)	UAE dirham 99.3/	99.8
	Cairo (EA)	U.K. sterling pound 547.5/	550.8
	Athens IOA)	U.S. dollar	366
	Part of December 17.77	W Come 140 2/	

....... Damascus (RJ1 WEATHER

Bulletin supplied by the Department of it will be fine, with southeasterly mod-arate winds. In Aquba, winds will be

Their numbers fell to 10 by

are still male-dominared and women politicians simply are not trusted or accepted." said one

"Even in the cities, women feel more vulnerable to personal attacks and slurs on their moral character doring the heat of campaigning and this is a big factor which has put them off politics." she added.

ing National Security Counci (NSC) had vetoed hundreds of parliamentary bopefuls.

lacement candidates.

permitted to contest the poll. She was health minister in the early 1970s during a previous military intervention and was also

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USEFUL TELEPHONE NOS.

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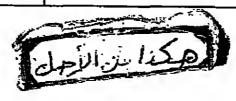
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University Hospital Dar Al-Shifa, J. Hussein Al-Mussher Hospital The Islamic, Abdali Al-Ahli, Abdali

HOSPITALS	IRBID
Hussein Medical Centre 813813-32	Dr. Hani Gharaibeh
Khalidi Maternity, J. Amman 44281-4 Akleh Maternity, J. Amman 42441	ZAROA:
Jabal Amman Maternity 42362	Dr. Hisham Al Sharabi 8663
Malhas, J. Amman	Jayyousi pharmacy
Palestine, Shmeisani 664171-4 Shmeisani Hospital	Al Hayah pharmacy
University Hospital 845845	GENERAL
Dar Al-Shifa, J. Hussein 667158 Al-Mussher Hospital 667227-9	
The Islamic, Abdali 665292	Jordan Television
Al-Ahli, Abdali	Radio Jordan 7411 Ministry of Tourism 42311
Italian, Al-Muhameen	Ministry of Tourism
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Dr. Muhammad Sa'id Libbadi . 96560	Cable or telegram

MARKET PRICES

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Apple (American) 200 / 180	Grapes (white)	25
Apple (Double Red) 170 / 150	Grapes (black)	24
Apple (Golden)	Graneferin	200
Apple (Starken)	Grapefruit	
And (Chief)	Guava250	20
Apple (Smith)	Lemon	14
Apple (local)	Lemon (yellow)160	is
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Cucumber (small) 300 / 250	Onion (dry)	ān
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Fire (**1981) ************************************	Peaches 350/	30
Figs	Pears	30
Fakkous 160 / 130	Pepper (sweet)	



NEWS IN BRIEF

King condoles families

AMMAN (Petra) — The Amman Governor Yahia Al Mussilli deputised for His Majesty King Hussein in conveying His Majesty's condolences to Al Budein family on the death of Haj Mahmoud Othman Budeir. Meanwhile the Ma'an Governor deputised for the King in conveying His Majesty's condolences to Al Habahbi family on the death of Muhammad Mutlaq Al Habahbi.

Hassan visits Badran

AMMAN (Petra His Rnyal Highness Crown Prince Hassan Monday paid a visit to the prime ministry and had a meeting with Prime Minister Mudar Badran during which they discussed various topics the subjects of which were not released.

Fabris exhibition to open

A VI MAN tJ.T. An exhibition of paintings by the famous Italian arrist Gaetano Fabris will be held at the Alia Art Gallery in Shmeisani between Oct. 20 and Oct. 25, 1983. On display will be several examples of the artist's work which reflect his creative talents. Gaetano Fabris has held exhibitions in Italy, France. Germany, North and South America and Australia.

Bilad Al Sham conferees make field visit

AMMAN I.I.T. Participants at the lourth international conlerence on the History ni Bilad Al Sha n (Greater Syria . being held at the University of Jordan. Monday visited Um Al Jimal, Al Rabad Castle and the historical city of terash where they viewed its arehacological and tourist sites and were briefed on the city's history. They also visited varmouk University and were briefed by its officials on the university establishment, development, turure programmes and its role in serving the local community.

Press links discussed

General of the Jordanian News Agency, Petra, Jawad Maraqa Monday discussed with the Yugoslav ambassador to Jordan. Todor Boja Dievski, ways of promoting cooperation between the Petra agency and the Yugoslav News Agency, Tanjug, and to make available all the necessary facilities for journalists of the two agencies to practice their activities in Jordan and Yugoslav.

They also discussed current

AMMAN (Petra) - Director- and Tanjug agencies in the field of information exchange and news flow within the Non-Aligned News Media (NAMEDIAt.

Also discussed during the meeting was the possibility of Petra journalists being trained at the Tanjug agency in the field of news gathering, studies and news report preparation, press editing and the use of modern equipment in sending and receiving press materials.

Petra usually sends its editors on training courses to the World cooperation between the Petra Press Institute.

Pinochet receives envoy

AMMAN (Petra) - The Jor- his part emphasised his country's danian ambassador to Chile, Sameh Al Faraj, presented his credentials to the Chilean President Augusto Pinochet as Jordanian ambassador to Santiago.

Mr. Al Faraj conveyed the King's greetings to the Chilean president and praised the good ntries. The Chilean president for greetings to the King.

stand towards the Middle East problem and stressed his support for the Palestinian people and its legitimate rights to selfdetermination in accordance with U.N. resolutions and international

President Pinochet in turn

reased, although the number of Military governor confirms sentences

AMMAN (Petra) - The Military Governor, Prime Minister Mudar Badran, approved the verdicts passed by a military court concerning a number of charges of

bribery. forgery and smuggling. Jalal Navef Abdul Razzag has been sentenced to a year and a half imprisonment with hard labour, and has been fined the sum of JD 6tt after being convicted for asking for and accepting a bribe, and for-

ging official documents.

Ali Salem Arabiat has been sentenced to nine months imprisonment with hard labour, and has been fined the sum of JD 30 for a similar charge.

Ridha Mohammed Radwan Al Lubi, currently on the run, has been sentenced in absentia to 10 years imprisonment with hard labour, and has been fined the sum

of JD 40 after seeking and accepting a bribe.

The military governor also approved the sentence passed on Ali Ismail Ibrahim Hmoud for giving a bribe to a government official. He was sentenced to two years

with hard labour. Eid Faleh Hamed Al Issa was sentenced to one year imprisonment after being convicted of

Hassan opens WHO conference, Queen tours educational



AMMAN (J.T.) — In a speech opening the current meeting of the World Health Organisation (WHO) eastern Mediterranean regional committee at the Royal Cultural Centre. His Highness Crown Prince Hassan said that guaranteeing basic preventive medical services and providing Jordan's countryside with medical

services are pressing priorities. Jordan has also made important achievement over the last two decades in promoting curative medical services, Prince Hassan said. This has included the establishment of health-service centres and institutions, the recruiting of qualified medical teams and the organisation of the medical profession in the country, the Prince

It is noteworthy that the proportion of Jordanian doctors to the total population has grown to become near to that in developed countries. Prince Hassan pointed

Crown Prince Hassan warned against the ferocious drive by Israel to expropriate Arab land in the occupied territories and to intensify its settlement activity. He added that in the West Bank alone the number of Israeli settlements has reached 165, and the destruction of the life of the Arab residents in the occupied areas has reduced their employment opp-ortunities and forced at least one third of the workforce to seek work opportunities in Israel.

The Crown Prince pointed out that the health conditions of Palestinians under Israeli occupation has generally deteriorated instead of improving as has been the natural progression in other areas. He said that the number of hospital

doctors has slightly increased. Indicators show that the child mor- made by WHO in promoting the tality rate in the territories has also

increased, he said. The international community has a pressing duty to play a more effective role to enable WHO to carry out its responsibilities towards the people in these territories more easily and effectively, he

said, the current meeting is to face the need for cooperation so as to rationalise the consumption of drugs, and to establish and improve drug production locally. While specialists assess that the number of kinds of drugs sufficient to guarantee a satisfactory service does not exceed 300, the prevailing conditions in the local market indicates that about 3,000 various kinds of medicine are wastefully being imported on to Arab markets, the Prince remarked.

Following Prince Hassan's speech. Minister of Health Zuhair Malhas said cooperation between WHO and the region's member countries has developed and expanded over the years. He added that self-improvement at the local level has made cooperation with the organisation more fruitful despine calamities and setbacks in

Mr. Malhas praised the efforts concept of solidarity and brotherhood in the field of health services. He called for more attention to be given to the disasters of aggression, colonisation and occupation, and urged the confrontation of their destructive

The aggressor and those who At the regional level, the Prince support him should be duly condemned for their crimes, Dr. Mal-

WHO Director-General, Dr. Halfdan Mahler, called on reg-ional committees to intensify their efforts in support of the programme to guarantee health for all, and to play a more effective role in WHO activities.

Dr. Mahler urged the participants to work hard to carry out the organisation's slogan to promote "Health for all by the year 2,000," and pointed out that the technology necessary to accomplish such an objective is ava-

He expressed WHO's readiness to support all parties in meeting their commitments in this respect through the joint review of health policies in the region's countries. and coordination of national programmes with the world organisation's activities.

Envoy answers criticism of U.S. policy in Lebanon

AMMAN (J.T.) — U.S. Charge d'Affaires in Jordan Edward Die- accused the United States and commitment to an "independent Lebanon where that nation's legitimate government is able to exereise control throughout its nat-

Mr. Djerejian expressed these iews in a letter written in reply to a memo from Abdul Latif Subeihi, the secretary-general of the Couneil of Islamic Organisations and Societies in Jordan.

Mr. Subeihi had proposed in his memorandum a 13-point plan for a settlement to the Lebanese problem calling for the formation of a national government, new ele-ctions, and the introduction of several reforms to secure a stable and peaceful Lebanon.

rejian has reaffirmed his country's France of being biased towards the Falangists to whom, he said, they were continuously supplying arms drawn from the multinational forces in Lebanon. In his message of reply, the U.S. Charge of Affaires denied that the

Subeihi's memorandum also

one confessional faction in Lebanon against any others. The American government, he said, supports the legitimately constituted government of Leb-

U.S. was engaged in supporting

anon and its institutions. Mr. Djerejian voiced his government's satisfaction that a ceasefire in Lebanon has finally been attained. It was a first step towards building a durable and stable peace. Mr. Djerejian said.

Women's meeting debates new draft labour law

A M M AN (J.T. Under the patronage of His Royal Highness Crown l'rince Hassan a seminar on "Wnmen and the Jordanian Oralt Labour Law" opened vionday at the Amman Chamber of Industry.

Minister of Labour Jawad Al Anani deputised for Prince Hassan in opening the seminar which was organised by the Amman Business and trotessional Women's

Dr. Anani. Minister nt Social Development In am Al Mufti and

the club's president addressed the audience pointing out the importance of women in the labour

Participants from all walks of lile took part in the discussions during the seminar which was chaired by virs. Leila Sharat a member of the National Consultative

The new principles of the draft law and the gains achieved tor working women compared with the present law and Arab labour agreements were reviewed by the

the tiny birds - the bee-eater, the

pied wheatear, the goldfinch, the black stark — which make Jordan

their home. How good it is to be able to identify at last some of the

birds one sees around, even here

in Amman. Another interesting

shot is of the Arabian Oryx, which

are soon to be released in the Sha-

umari wildlife reserves at Azraq.

Captain Ramadan has caught a

group of these resting in the shade

of some bushes in a landscape that

tooks as if it has come straight

from a film of an African safari.

Then there are the shots of the

market.

in 1974-75 from a relatively inactive labour market to a very

packed one," he said. Dr. Abdul Jaber pointed out

The increase of the participation of women in the labour force is the fourth factor that led to the drafting of the new law.

Giving the most significant changes in the new law, Dr. Abdul Jaber said that in order to organise the whole system of employment and restrict the inflow of foreign labour the new law demands the

However, he said, foreign labout is considered a transitory phenomenon because" I believe in the coming years, especially with the slow down of the economic situztion in the region and the increase of the labour supply in Jorworkers as we have done now or as was expected in the present five year development plan."

He added that the government have to make sure that the lower be an incentive to employers to

To that effect, Dr. Abdul Jaber explained, the new law entitles the of workers coming to Jordan in advance. "We are going to strthat any work permit will be given from the cabinet, but we have to

emphasises preventive medicine services in north Jordan

By Ara Voskian Special to the Jordan Times

IRBID — Her Majesty Queen Noor Monday visited 13 schools in the Irbid Governorate, north of Jordan, and later opened a children's book exhibition in

Queen Noor started her tour of the schools at the northernmost village of Agraba, close to the Syrian-Jordanian border, where she visited two preparatory schools, one for boys and the other

The Oueen was accompanied by Minister of Education Said Al Tal. Minister of Social Development In'am Al Mufti, National Consultative Council Member Laila Sharaf, Irbid Governor Abed Khalaf Daoudieh, Yarmouk University President Adnan Badran and several other government

Agraba, with a population of 2.000 people, is an agricultural village where wheat is the main crop. Due to the lack of a secondary school, the graduates of both preparatory schools continue their secondary education at the schools in the nearby village of Har-

Hartha, where the Queen visited three schools, two secondary schools for boys and girls, and an elementary school. has a population of about 6.000 people.

The secondary schools in Hartha have a total of 1.240 pupils. This is due to the fact that many of the pupils come from the nearby villages which lack secondary sch-

Last year an archaeological survey unearthed the remains of one of the ancient Greek towns, six kilometres away from Hartha. Queen Noor also visited schools

in the village of Beit Al Ras. Hebras and Azrit before arriving in Irbid.

During her visit to these villages, the Queen viewed the prevailing conditions in the schools. some of which lacked electricity. water and other sanitary facilities. She listened to the various proluding the shortage of space in the educational service

Upon her arrival in Irbid. Queen Noor and her accompanying delegation, alongwith irbid Mayor Abdul Razzak Theishat, visited Yarmouk University's model schools for kindergarten and secondary education and the Irbid Comprehensive school for girls. where the Queen viewed the latest educational methods used in these

Later Monday, the Oueen opened a children's book exhibition at Princess Iman Club and Library in trbid, organised by the Department of Libraries. Documentation and National Arc-

On disptay were a wide collection of games and books for chi- 17 Idren in the Arabic and English in

Queen Noor's current visit is 1 the first of a series of visits she intends to make to various gov- ly emorates and districts, aimed at having a closer look at the educational situation in the various parts of the country so as to assess . the difficulties and obstacles in the 5 path of developing educational blems faced by the villagers, incservices in Jordan.

Abdul Jaber details labour bill

By Afifah A. Kaloti Special to the Jordan Times

tha, eight kilometres away.

AMMAN — The new labour taw, drafted by the Ministry of Labour, has been recently submirted to the cabinet for approval, pending its passage through the National Consultative Council.

In an interview with the Jordan Times, ministry Under-Secretary Tayseer Abdul Jaber said that the main principles in the new law mostly favour the labour force but not excessively.

'We want to have an adequate balance between the employers and the workers," he said.

Changed circumstances

Dr. Abdul Jaber said that there are four main factors that have led the government to introduce the new labour law.

One of these factors, he said, is that the present labour law has been enforced since 1960 and during these 23 years "a lot of eco- of workers. nomic and social changes have taken place in the country."

situation. Jordan's membership of the International Labour Organisation (ILO) as well as the

Arab Labour Organisation necessitated the reconsideration of the present law. "Due to our membership of the

ILO and ALO we have obiigations to take into consideration agreements adopted relating to working conditions and other aspects of labour." he said. The third factor in drawing up a

new labour law is the drastic change that has overtaken the labour We witnessed a complete shift

that the inflow of foreign labour into Jordan made "it very important to regulate such an inflow and give priority to Jordan labouters."

Foreign labour

against a fee to be used in the financing, modernisation and improvement of the employment department itself." he said.

Dr. Abdul Jaber pointed out that, if there are skills that are not available in Jordan, the ministry will be flexible in this concern.

Nevertheless, he said, the ministry will continue to monitor the labour situation and where any gaps exist for certain skills the government will adjust the orientation of training centres in Jor-

He added that in the past two major corporations had been established in the country; the Vocational Training Corporation in 1976 and the Social Security Corporation in 1978.

Vocational training

These, he said, are influencing more and more the labour market including the provision of proper and formal training to thousands

The social security system has created a new fact relating to the This, he added, required a new outlook on the rights of workers as owances of workers which were well as their duties in the present not available before in the labour

To promote training the labour law, Dr. Abdul Jaber said that one provision of the new law demands a fee from all establishments in the (ALO) is also another factor that country "which will be used to finance the Vocational Training Corporation.

He said that, by the end of 1984, there will 10 vocational centres in Jordan. Their capital expenditure has been financed through the budget and foreign assistance, he

He added that in order to cover the establishments' recurring expenditures," it was thought that the beneficiaries of the workers should pay a certain fee, which is a

new idea in the law."

Another article in the new law entitles the ministry to make an establishment to train two per cent of its total labour force. "Previously it was done voluntarily but the new law makes it mandatory.' he clarified.

Handicapped persons

in the area of rehabilitation, the new law supports handicapped people by demanding that establishments employ at least two per cent of handicapped people in its total labour force. "This provision gives the chance for handicapped people to work and earn a living." he added.

The new law gives the worker the right to redundancy compensation which amounts to one month pay for every year of work. The law has been amended

thus so that the worker who is laid

nff will be able to support his fam-Regarding occupational health dan, we will not need as many and safety the new law entitles the ministry to participate in the committee which approves the establishment of a new factory or

'We have to make sure that wages of foreign labourers will not every new factory takes the precautions necessary to make the working environment healthy and

the machines safe," he said. To that effect, another new artministry to approve the entrance icle permits the establishment of an occupational health and safety

institute. "There is already one estartment and we will also require ablished by virtue of a resolution

others may be founded." Trade unions

put this article in the law so that 's

In respect to trade unions, Dr. Abdul Jaber said that in the present law any union to function leg- 4. ally must be registered at the min-

However, he said, this law was not very well received by the ILO and ALO. "It is considered to be an entringement of the freedom of association." he explained. The adjusted law, he went on to

say, only requires the union to deposit at the ministry all the necessary documents of a union such ias the list of officials and by-laws.

He then said that the ministry as 1. well as the Federation of Trade is unions have the right to object to 'its establishment and take it to a special court so "it no longer bec-" omes an administrative decision 1 by the government but a legal one " by the courts."

He added that, regarding the ic for security reasons, "the dissolution issue will be solely with the courts, although," he pointed. out, "the ministry, throughout its history, had not dissolved such a

body." he stressed. Moreover, the new law strengthens the wage court in the Ministry of Labour by "extending . its mandate to all kinds of allowances given to workers. including overtime payments, which was not contained in the present

Dr. Abdul Jaber pointed out that the worker can now seek the ministry's assistance to get his wages in cases of dismissal.

law." he said.

This can be done through the vage court within six months of his dismissal: a situation which was formerly settled through the civil courts and this was hectic for the worker."

In respect to the compensation awarded for injuries at work, the new law raised the compensation from a maximum of JD 7tm to JD

Working women

As for how the labour law relites specially to women. Dr. Abdul Jaber said that there are a lot of new principles which bring the law in line with the Arab labour agreements.

These include, he said, the rai-

sing of the maternity leave dur-

ation from six to 10 weeks with.

payment of the full salary "compared to half the salary as contained in the present law." The new law also gives the working woman two years leave without pay if she has to accompany her husband in his work in the loc-

ation or abroad. He added that the working woman is also entitled in the new law to have one year withnut pay to take care of her newly born

Dr. Abdul Jaber said that there are many other small amendments in the new law but that these are the major one.

He said that the drafting of the law took a number of years and that "we had to refer it to the ILO experts who prepared the draft. It has since, he said, "been subject to negotiations and discussion by the three interested parties, namely the government, the employers and the workers as represented by the trade unions."

Retired officer's camera chronicles unheard-of places

By Meg Abu Hamdan

Special to the Jordan Times AMMAN - Captain Areslan Ramadan renired from the Jordanian army in 1975 but, instead of slipping into quiet obscurity or having a well earned rest after 27 years of service, he has become increasingly active, and along the way something of a celebrity. He first turned his attention to old archive photographs of Jordan and Palestine, gathering together a unique record of the area from. the turn of the century to the begimning of the Second World War, in a book entitled "Photographs from the Jordanian and Palestimian Heritage" which was published in 1981. Captain Ramadan then decided to take photographs himself and some of the results of that decision can be seen at the Amra Hotel this week where Captain Ramadan is holding his first

formal one man show. It was only a year and a half ago that, with minimal instruction, the captain first set out with his camera so, as to be expected, his tecmical expertise is not all that it could be. That is however something that can be learnt and acquired with experience. What cannot be so easily acquired is an eye, 22 eye for composition, an eye for the unusual, for catching unfamiliar aspects of Jordanian life and thus opening our eyes to them. And this is where Captain Ramadan excells and, in terms of sheer documentation of Jordan's rich birdlife and wealth of ruins.

Captain Areslan Ramadan has no Captain Ramadan's years in the



Photograph entitled "A Shephard," one of Captain Arslan Ramadan's collection currently on show in his

army patrolling the country's deserts and plains, through which he gained a rare and intimate knowledge of his country, are now bearing fruit. Using this invaluable experience, Captain Ramadan has been able to return and photograph places few have even heard of. Thus, through his work, we are suddenly made aware of the existence of Qasr Aseikhim, of the stark beauty of the ruins at Qasr Burqu' and Qasr

Tuba, of the quiet isolation of the

lake in H4 and we see a tiny train

first solo exhibition at the Amra Hotel

setting off across a vast expanse of res) to spectacular effect. wilderness that dwarfs man's achievements to nothing. Then there book on the wildlife to be found in are Captain Ramadan's new angles on more familiar places like Qussour Hallabat, Mushatta, and Amra. A particularly good shot of the latter, which catches its domes and vaulted roofs in the distance tographs to be included in the behind a gnarled olive tree with branches reaching out at torturous angles beneath a turquoise sky fil- haps not always from a technical led with cotton wool clouds, he has point of view, as birds are notblown up to enormous pro-

There has long been a need for a Jordan and the next project after the completion of his current book, which combines old and new photographs of Jordan, will be just that A few of the phobook are on show at the exhibition. Particularly good (if peroriously difficult to photograph) portions (one by one and half met- are Captain Ramadan's shots of

rare and expensive white camels. of the horse dressed in all the elaborately emboridered traditional trappings and of the flocks of sheep watering and much more. Jordanian bedouins have, of late, been much photographed and photographed well by many. Captain Ramadan has also caught many good portraits of these people but the photograph that intrigues the most and lingers in the mind longer is the unusual shot of the bedouin woman putting the rough white balls of jameed, used in the preparation of the national

While a few of the 96 prints (a number which Captain Ramadan laughs about saying he went by Jordanian standards of the more the merrier) could have been omitted, the show is nevertheless deeply interesting and one can learn more about Jordan in the half hour spent browsing round Captain Ramadan's exhibition than if one spent the equivalent amount of time reading the most autboritative guide book.

dish, mensaf, out to dry in the sun.

registration of all job seekers.

continue to hire foreign workers. engthen the employment dep-

Jordan Times

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Israel at it again

THE Armed Forces commander-in-chief's statement Monday spells out a clear Jordanian position on the question of U.S. arms sales to this country. Jordan and other Arab states do in fact need American weapons to protect themselves from aggression and foreign domination probably as much as the United States needs to protect its own vital interests in this part of the world. But Israel, being the self-appointed policeman of the Middle East, does not of course like this equation, as it has been trying all along to sabotage Arab-American cooperation in whatever form and substance.

The Israeli talk about the so-called Jordanian "Rapid Deployment Force" for the Gulf is but the latest example of how Israel strives, by various means but mainly through its Zionist lobby in Washington, to block all Arab attempts at acquiring defensive weapons from the U.S. From the moment the Israelis leaked the news of a Reagan administration proposal to the U.S. Congress to sell sophisticated arms and equipment to Jordan, and the way the news was disseminated, it was evident that Israel would again try its hand at thwarting such a deal.

As Sharif Zaid said in his statement, the Israeli move was in fact neither new nor surprising, as it reminds us of previous Israeli attempts against efforts made by other Arab states as well to acquire modern weapons from the U.S., or, indeed, from any other source (Remember the Israeli-engineered uproar about West Germany's projected sale of Leopard II tanks to Saudi Arabia).

Nevertheless, the clarity of the Jordanian position vis-a-vis the U.S. administration's proposal to Congress, as spelled out in Monday's statement, should serve notice that, regardless of all obstacles, Jordan is going to continue to shoulder its responsibilities in strengthening itself in order to defend Arab rights everywhere. This the country would do, as it did in the past, not according to what Israel, or any foreign power, likes or dislikes, but simply in accordance with Jordan's firm moral obligations towards the security and stability of the Arab region and its peoples.

No nation, no state or people has the right to expect Jordan to stand idle by threats and dangers directed against its Arab brethren to the West or to the East. And it should be common knowledge by now that Israel is the least qualified, of all states, rest of the world — and its substance.

ARABIC PRESS EDITORIALS

Al Ra'i: King urges Arab vigilance

HIS MAJESTY King Hussein Sunday evening called on all Arabs to be vigilant and fully conscious of the developments likely to occur in the near future. He also underlined the gravity of the dangers which the Arab Nation is confronting at present. In his briefing to the cabinet, the King referred in particular to the situation in Lebanon. the Gulf and the Palestinian issue. He called for an Arab solidarity in form and content so that the Arabs can confront the danger and deal with their problems. King Hussein also referred to the responsibilities which Jordan shoulders in view of its location in the midst of the Arab World, and reiterated Jordan's firm commitment to serve all Arab causes. As the King said, all the developments in Guil. Lebanon and the current attempts to destroy the PLO have their adverse effects on Jordan. He called on the Lebanese to preserve the unity of the people and country and to work for peace and stability through a national reconciliation conference.

We realise the seriousness of the coming stage in our history and its consequences, and therefore we realise that we have a national commitment to honour in the Gull, in Palestine and in Lebanon. It is because of the seriousness of the situation and because of the pitiable internal situation in the Arab World and the differences among their leaders that we support the convening of an Arab summit meeting in Rivadh next month. This summit, it is hoped, will help the Arab masses to join ranks and work towards common objectives.

Al Dustour: Summit must convene

EFFORTS ARE under way for holding the forthcoming Arab summit conference in Riyadh to irv to solve Arab problems and differences. The summit has become a necessity in view of the deep divisions among Arab states and the numerous problems their nations are facing. Amid these efforts there are reports about the possibility of postponing the conference or cancelling it altogether due to the difficulties the mediators are facing and in the light of the deteriorating relations among the respective governments. The summit should be held on schedule next month to answer many of the questions on the minds of the Arab masses, and should tackle the various problems among Arah states and draw up joint plans for confronting the external dangers. We tervently call on the mediators and those concerned about the future of the Arab Nation to intensify their etforts aimed at gaining the approval of governments for such a conference and for paving the way for holding it on schedule.

Sawt Al Shaab: Need for joint action

JORDAN HAS always played a leading role in strengthening Arab solidarity and in calling for common action to confrom the challenges our nation is now facing. The dangers threatening different parts of the Arab World are a threat against all Arabs, and therefore, there should be no lailure or delay in taking a joint action as King Hussein said in his meeting with the cabinet Sunday evening. The King referred to the different problems the Arabs are facing and the situations in the Gulf. Palestine and Lebanon. In the occupied territory, the Israelis are pursuing a policy of annexing Arab land and changing the demographic and geographic characters of Arab territory. In the eastern flank of the Arab World, Iran pursues its aggression against Iraq and the Arab Nation in a bid to extend its domination and hegemony in the Gulf states. In Lebanon, the sectarian violence and fighting among factions continue only to serve the interests of the Israeli enemy. Also in Lebanon, attempts are being made to destroy the PLO, the symbol of the Palestinians' struggle for

liberation and independence. It is with regret that we have to say that the Arabs are not doing anything to solve these problems or ending the conflicts. The Arab summit is important at this stage and King Hussein did not fail to point out this last.

Riding the Arab roller-coaster

By Rami G. Khouri

The rebellion within both Fatch and the Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO) against PLO Executive Committee Chairman Yasser Arafat has taken a rather more serious turn with the statement this week of two component groups within the PLO, the Popular Front for the Liberation of Palestine (PFLP) and the Democratic Front for the Liberation of Palestine (DFLP), demanding basic reforms within the PLO similar to those called for by the anti-Arafat rebels.

But what is really at stake here, and what are the basic issues that are being debated. by Palestinians and others in the Arab World? Mr. Arafat and his colleagues are being accused of errors and corruption, of hogging power in an organisation that is supposed to have a collective leadership codified in the composition of the PLO's Executive Committee, of playing dangerous games by pondering Cooperation with Jordan vis-a-vis

a negotiated Arab-Israeli peace settlement, and of going against established Palestinian policy by discussing a possible future confederation with Jor-

If the top leadership of the PLO is guilty of corruption and errors, which in probably is, to an extent, the matter should and can be resolved by established procedures within the structure of the PLO and within Fatch itself. There is also an amazing double-standard invoked here, for if every corrupt and erring Arab organisation. institution, leadership, political system or power elite were to be subjected to the same armed revolt, then the Arab World would look like a warehouse of Chinese fireworks that was set ablaze. This is not to condone corruption or errors. but simply to isolate these as rather unconvincing motivations for the present revolt within the

Mr. Arafat certainly dominates the PLO, but one can think of no instance where a really important, decisive or substantive decision of the PLO or the Palestinian people as a whole has been taken without the consensus-building process of consultations within the Executive Committee, the Central Council and the Nat-. ional Council of the PLO. It isprecisely the consensusbuilding process that has forced the PLO to maintain apparently contradictory policies of waging war and conceding peace with Israel, and why if the PLO has considerable international recognition it has little else to show for its last 20 years of struggle.

Did Arafat himself decide to negotiate with Jordan on a joint approach to peacemaking? Not at all. His actions derived from and were answerable to a broader decision-making authority within both Fatch and the PLO, and when this broader Palestinian authority refused

to go along with the agreement that had been reached in principle with Jordan last April, Mr. Arafat bowed deferentially to the collective decision-making principles of Palestinian national leadership, and the Jordan-PLO talks were suspended.

And is the idea of confederation with Jordan only an Arafai concept? Not at all, for it was agreed upon by the Palestine National Council meetings in Algiers earlier this year, after heated and long debate.

Is Mr. Arafat selling out his people by pondering a future peace-making process based on the Reagan initiative? Not at all, for he is considering peace-making prospects based on the Arab peace plan adopted unanimously at the Fez summit last year.

The PFLP and DFLP statements appear to increase the pressure on Mr. Arafat. But what are the alternatives to established PLO policies that are being proposed? Armed struggle against Israel? Refusal to consider any peace plan put on the table? Rejecting any possibility of confederal ties with Jordan?

These may sound like very attractive concepts to many people when blared out on Arab radios or issued in press releases. But what do they really represent? How practical are they, and how close will they bring the Palestinians to securing a patch of Palestine upon which they can be self-

determinant, fly a flag and field a national football team?

One is reminded of the rhetoric of the late-1960s in the streets of Beirut, when it was required that one call not only for eternal struggle against Zionism and imperialism, but also for the overthrow of all Arab regimes on the way to the liberation of Palestine. The streets of Beirut are drenched with the blood of Palestinians who died fighting or were massacred in their homes. The PLO is physically dispersed and morally fragmented. The Arab states who have political clout, financial strength, military power or moral influence bave proved beyond a doubt that they will not invoke any of these resources in the service of a cause other than their own self-preservation and the incumbency of their local power establishments and political elnes. This is perhaps depressing and sobering, but is it so surprising? Why should Arab states be any different from other states and other people

One feels that we are heading for a colossal setback in the Palestinian people's struggle for national selfdetermination, given the strength of Israel, the determination of the United States to assure this strength, the fragmentation of the Arabs into pseudo-independent. tribal-based states relying on a combination of domestic and

throughout the rest of the

world?

international military and secunity resources lo preserve their status quo, and the chronie inability of the Palestinian leadership (s) to get beyond the stage of securing resolutions of solidarity from the Non-aligned states, the Organisation of African Unity, the Organisation of Islamic Conference, the United Nations General Assembly and the Federation of Bulgarian Ste-

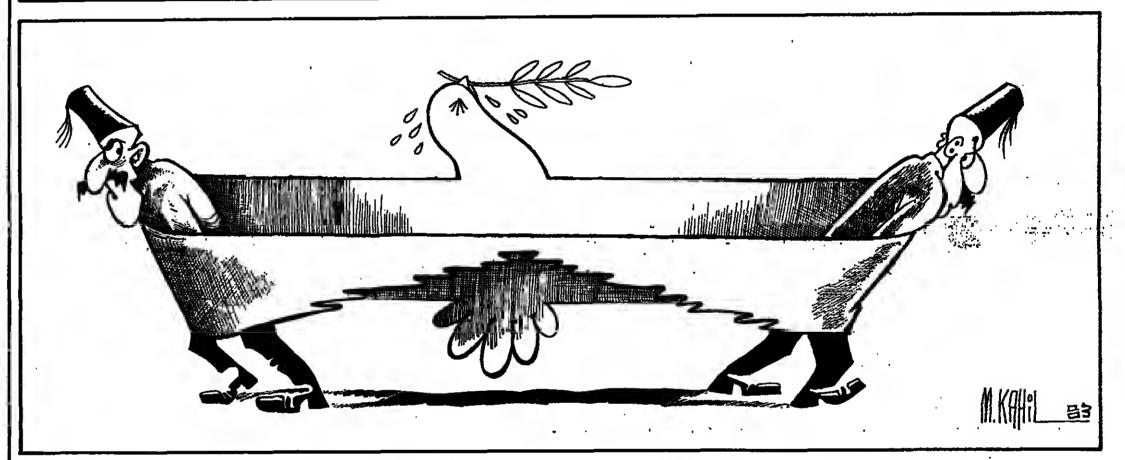
elworkers. Is the revolt within Fatch and the PLO really an affirmation of the need to return to radical rhetoric as the path to the Liberation of Palestine. or, as I suspect, is it an awk-ward public manifestation of the cumulative frustration that has built up within the PLO for the past decade? Corruption. errors, power-grabbing and political deviation by the Arafat leadership are charges that may have some truth to them. but they are dwarfed (to use a popular Arab political term these days) by the overwhelming failure of all the Arabs, including the PLO, to make any substantive advance on the path to Palestinian self-determination since, well. since 1920.

The twin pillars of Arab weakness in the 20th century remain the focus on personalities and the retreat to slogans, and it is no accident that both of these elements are in the forefront of the present difficulties within the Palestinian national movement.

is the problem Mr. Arafat? Or is it the successive and vibrant failures of the Arabs to develop credible national institutions that can take firm decisions based on the real wishes of people who still aspire to express their Arab identity in a meaningful and real manner?

The Palestinians and the PLO are an easy scapegoat for the collective frustrations of tens of millions of Arabs whose highest political achievement in the past decade has been the ability of the Kuwait national team to reach the final stages of the World Cup football toumament. But let us all keep our perspective on what is taking place in the Arab World today. Whether Mr. Arafat stays or goes, the reality that remains dominant in our lives is the strength of Israel, the weakness of the Arabs, the immobility of the Palestinians and the acqulescence of the Americans and the Western world in the current trends in the area.

Will changing the PLO leadership change this reality? Or will it simply give us another sensational ride on the rollercoaster of political mythology that will see us, after another oecade or two, calling for the eternal struggle against Israel from our offices in lands several hundred or several thousand kilometres further away from Palestine, and light years away from the possibility of fielding a Palestinian football team, or flying a Palestinian flag, on Palestinian soil?



Venezuelan candidates for austerity to get IMF loan

By Keith Grant

CARACAS — Venezuela's Political leaders, facing the worst economic crisis in decades. plan new directions for this oildependent nation after presidential elections on Dec. 4.

The poll will take place with Venezuela sliding this year into an officially estimated three per cent drop in total output, and virtually stalemated in negotiations to res-chedule some \$18 billion in foreign debts.

The economic crisis has become the main issue of theeight-month the main issue of the eight-month the background of the present government's attempt to reschedule the debts with banks without an International Monetary Fund (IMF) austerity programme that would involve unpopular steps like spending cuts.

The two leading candidates, Rafael Caldera of the ruling Copei Party and Jaime Lusinchi of Accion Democratica, accept that austerity will be necessary.

But they promise stepped-up social spending to help alleviate the pain of high unemployment. and have also pledged to strengthen the bolivar, which has lost two-thirds of its purchasing power against the dollar since February.

By avoiding potentially unpopular measures before the elections, the outgoing government of President Luis Herrera Campins has effectively dumped responsibility for both the debt and an austerity programme in the hands of whoever takes office in

The leading candidates favour a prompt rescheduling to delay repayments of the foreign debt. befhout causing adverse social effthe new president will want to review the negotiations with cre-

Negotiations are continuing with the IMF, but agreement on an economic programme will now depend on the new president's wilngness to take drastic measures.

Venezuela four years ago experimented with monetarist and free trade policies, aimed at stimulating domestic production through competition and reducing a chronic dependence on imports. But the gamble failed as falling oil income and an unmanageable debt led to a liquidity crisis and foreign exchange controls last

Mr. Lusinchi. who has a commanding lead in the polls, has called for controls on public spending an LMF programme. to reduce bureaucratic waste and wants to sell off lossmaking public agencies to the private sector.

Mr. Caldera has also promised Mr. Lusinchi says he will act to revive stagnating business and industry. The Copie candidate also promises to create a million new jobs during the five-year term. Unemployment is expected to reach 12 per cent by the end of

this vear. By far the biggest problems lacing the new government will be Venezuela's total of \$34 billion in debt and the virtual standstill in trade since foreign credit dried up in February.

Both Mr. Lusinchi and Mr. Caldera would have preferred agreement on the debt by the end of this year but in view of the banks' insistence on a prior IMF agreement this now looks likely to be delayed till well into 1984.

Accion Democratica has already attacked the present dcbt renegotiations strategy and whi-

ore December if possible, but wit- chever party wins in December.

ditors and possibly start from scratch. On the tricky issue of an 1 MF austerity programme, the banks' condition for rescheduling. both candidates are expected to resist

tough terms despite their support for austerity. Venezuela has said it will not now seek a \$1.1 billion IMF loan umil 1984, but there is a growing opinion that with \$10.7 billion in reserves it would be advantageous in negotiations with the banks not

to draw the loan at all. Senior Accion Democratica officials told Reuters the party is not convinced Venezuela really needs

The respective election programmes also coincide on the need for secure supplies of food and raw materials and for inflation to control bureaucracy, and like controls but Accion Democratica says it has designed a new blueprint for economic development.

We have a different phi-Insophy and will emphasise greater investments in agriculture and industry through a reorganisation of public spending that will get the economy moving again." party economic adviser Pedro Conde says.

Accion Ocmocratica planners believe Venezuela still possesses sufficient oil money to sustain ceonomic growth_calculating that industry is working at only 411 per cent of capacity and must be better

Public spending cuts have been among the I VIF recommendations most doggedly resisted by the present government, which fears the electoral impact of large-scale layoffs in Venezuela's onemillion-strong public sector.

Deng prepared 'selected works'

By Roger Crabb

PEKING China's 79-year-old leader. Deng Xiaoping, who Wednesday launched a sweeping nurge of Maoists in the ruling Communist Party, is working against the clock to ensure an orderly succession. Western China exp-

erts said. Mr. Deng. architect of amb-itious plans for the country's modemisation, told a visitor last year he wished he could live to see China in the year 2tll x1.

The veteran revolutionary, still in what he calls "fairly good hea-Ith" for his age after a strenuous life of mixed political lortunes, is nothing if not a realist and has already put in place a collective leadership to run the country when

he is gone. Yet a year after he withdrew officially from day-to-day decision-making. Mr. Deng's appointed heirs headed by party General Secretary Hu Yaobang and Premier Zhao Ziyang must lean on his prestige to combat opposition to reform by leftists still entrenched in the administration.

A book of his" selected works". encapsulating the diminutive Deng's pithy, pragmatic political philosophy, was published in July. and was hailed immediately as the example to follow in the coming party "rectification campaign." Foreign China-watchers gen-

erally dismissed the suggestion that the book marked the start of a Deng personality cult on the lines of that which surrounded the late vian TseTung, something vir. Deng always deplored.

One diplomatic observer said he saw the "selected works" as an attempt to leave a tangible legacy for the next generation of leaders. "It's basically a crash course in commonsense," he said.

Perhaps Mr. Deng's most-

quoted remark, showing his scorn lor the unrealistic leftism with which Chairman Mao twice almost brought the economy to its knees, was: "It makes no diflerence if a cat is black or white. As long as it catches rats. it is a

Such robust sentiments earned Mr. Deng destitution and humiliation during the 1966-76 Maoist Cultural Revolution."

good cat."

On regaining control of the party machine in late 1978, he began unrepentantly to dismantle the ultra-leftist economic structure to give more play to free enterprise.

It was not until September 1982 that a carefully prepared full party congress met to make a complete break with the Maoist past and elect a central committee in majority loyal to Mr. Deng.

The goal defined at the congress, that of quadrupling the value of industrial and agricultural output by the year 21tkt, meant adopting policies which were anathema to orthodox Viaoists.

Yet the Dengists were adamant that only by oe pning China to western technology and capital, and giving the Chinese people opportunities and incentives to enrich themselves, could the required modernisation and economic growth be achieved.

The country's scientists and technicians, cowed after their systematic humiliation along with other intellectuals during the Cultural Revulution, also had to be rehabilitated for without them all hopes of modernisation would be dashed.

The official press earlier this year quoted the case of a middleaged woman engineer who committed suicide as typical of the problems the Dengists were fac-

The woman, who ran a Peking chemical plant, killed herself after years of obstruction by her nominal superiors, unskilled men promoted during the Cultural Revolution and immovable since. There remain nostalgic viaoists

in high places too, and the threeyear "rectilication campaign" announced Wednesday will start with a purge of the central and provincial party leaderships togother with anti-Dengist elements in senior levels of the armed for-

Only at the end of 1934 will the movement spread to lower levels of the party organisation, which numbers over 40 million mem-

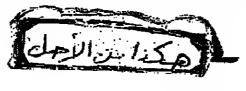
A party statement Wednesday said ultra-leftist plotters and others who had committed acts of violence during the 1966-76 period l'aced expulsion, as did members who had persisted in opposing vir. Deng's reforms since 1978 or who were guilty of serious economic and criminal offences.

But the leadership made it clear that officials must see that the campaign, though by no means a pertunctory exercise, does not lead to the use of terror tactics such as the notorious "mass struggles" used to such effect against victims of the Cultural Revclution.

In general, it indicated, "rectilication" would be an occasion for criticism and self-criticism. correcting ideological mistakes and studying Deng Xiaoping's works, an anthology of Chairman viao's writings and other approved texts.

Wednesday's central committee statement specified that no quotas should be set for expulsions, and diplomatic sources in Peking dismissed as unrealistic recent reports that some three million members would lose their cards.

They noted the prediction of an influential commentator this week in the official Peking Review that "only a small handfol" of people would be excluded.



POLLUTION AND THE ENVIRONMENT Effective action needed to curb pollution

By Mustafa Salma

AMMAN - The automobile with us rugged internal combustion engine has become an intrinsic part of our culture, economy, and tragic accidents, and still some families own several cars.

The automobile offers the driver almost unlimited freedom to go when and where he or she ple-

As of last month, it is estimated that the number of cars in Jordan has reached (185.(484) comprising all types of vehicles: passenger cars, light-duty trucks, and gasoline diesel powered heavy duty buses and vehicles. We import into Jordan around (27,000) cars yearly, excluding the number of cars estimated at (5,ti00) brought into the country by Jordanians working in Saudi Arahia and the Gulf states, and vistors, especially during the summer months.

But the automobile has two major drawbacks: It is consuming about 25 per cent of our limited income, and without proper smog controls, it is a major contributor to air pollutioo.

The Department of Environment at the Ministry of Municipalities and Rural Affairs or other government agencies coocerned, should be making an allout effort to come to grips with the problem on air pollution, whether it originates from stationary sourees - such as power plants, refineries, industrial plants... etc., or from the motor vehicle. New programmes aimed at reducing the output of air pollution from all known sources should have already been underway. Support for

efficient mass transit system in gases: Carbon dioxide, water vapcongested areas is required, since Our and nitrogen. (Although a rismost automobile pollution and ing concentration of carbon dioenergy use originates in the hea- xide would eventually raise the vily populated areas where temperature of the atmosphere bumper-to-bumper traffic and and thus affect the earth, this is not freeway "rush-hours" are com- an immediate problem.)

oxides, hydrocarbons, and carboo producing sources in the area.

But the automobile has two major drawbacks: It is consuming about as a result of tougher new vehicle 25% of our limited ntries. Various techniques are income, and without proper smog controls, it is a major contributor ection (AI). to air pollution.

What causes automobile smog? The fumes that spew from a car's exhaust pipe are a complicated mixture of poisons, created because an internal combustion engme cannot burn all the fuel that is fed into it. If the fuel were burned perfectly, the final products of combustion would be non-toxic eycombed layer of catalyst-

Air pollutant emissions from Automobiles are the biggest motor vehicles come from three source of gases such as: Nitrogen principal sources: The exhaust (tailpipe), the crankcase blow-by. monoxide which pollute the atm- and vapour emissions from the osphere. The percentages of these fuel tank and the carburator. It has contammants when known may been estimated that about 55 per vary somewhat, depending upon cent of the hydrocarbons come the geographic location, weather from the engine exhaust, 25 per conditions and other smog- cent from the blow-by, and 20 per cent from evaporation from the fuel tank and carburator for an uncontrolled vehicle.

Exhaust emissions controls

A whole new technology has grown up in recent years in the United States, Europe, and Japan emissions standards in these couused in factory-installed and retrofit emission control systems to reduce atomobile smog. These include exhaust gas recirculation (EGR), vacuum spark advance disconnect (VSAD) and air inj-

The EGR system recirculates a portion of the exhaust gas to the intake manifold to reduce the peak combustion temperature. The VSAD system delays spark timing, resuling in lowering of peak combustioo temperature. Air Injection systems introduce oxygen into the exhaust manifold to help consume unburned fuel.

The catalytic converter is a container that holds pellets or a hon-

containing material. Exhaust gases pass through the pellets (or honeycomb) which contain a small amount of platinum or similar noble metal. A chemical reaction changes harmful gases (carbon monoxide and unburned hydrocarbon | into harmless water vapour and carbon dioxide without using up any of the catalyst. Unleaded gasoline (fuel) is requited for continued successful performance of the catalyst. It prevenus the surface of the catalysi from being poisooed by lead.

The supply of air covering the earth is limited: The atomosphere is only as thick, proportionally, as the skin of an apple. Science and technology have extended man's power to change his environment so much that he is abusing the air's capacity to cleanse itself. Conditions might become more dangerous, unless immediate action is takeo to improve the quality of

The oumber of automobile as stated earlier is on the increase. and the amount of gasoline consumed is increasing accordingly. Heighteoing the problem of air pollution in urban and suburban Amman are the population growth. 55-60 per ceol of Jordanians are now urban dwellers. Therefore, it is in these relatively small and crowded areas where most of the country's air pollutioo

Fighting air pollution demands scientific approaches. But it also demands a new kind of political and personal effort. The fight can be successful only if an effective action can be taken to clean the air. But a great expanded effort is also needed to keep up with the growing potential for pollution.

Cairo, where 13 million people live, has a decaying sewage system which was laid down at the start of the century to serve two million

Cairo seeks ways to overcome pollution

By Ashraf Fouad

CAIRO -Regular checks on the medical risks of living in Cairo may follow the first conference on the Egyptian capital's chronic pollutioo problem, which has just ended here.

The conference, sponsored by President Hosni Mubarak's ruling National Democratic Party, urged firms to institute six-monthly medical checkups for workers after it heard expert reports of dust-laden smog and well water laced with

About 13 millioo people live io greater Cairo, where a decaying sewage system was laid down as the start of the century to serve two millioo.

A oew system is being installed but is unlikely to be ready for seven yesrs. Burst sewers are common and a main pipe burst last year io the suburb of Giza. pou-

ring waste ankle-deep into streets. Researchers and doctors presented some 5t/ papers to the conference, and the fact that it was held at all was seen as evidence that Mr. Mubarak's government. although strapped for cash to speed solutions, is at least trying to identify problems posed by rapid

into the capital. Besides the smog and the pollution of much of Cairo's drinking water, reports considered the din of the city's traffic, the flow of waste into the River Nite and the high breeding rate of the rats that flourish among heaps of unc-ollected garbage.

population growth and an influx

Researchers said half a million vehicles pour into Cairo each day. Noise pollution had reached worrying levels, they said, citiog the incessant blaring of horns in the traffic jams that begin at breakfast

time and end around midnight. Ooe researcher found that at

heart of a baby in the womb beat Another said that each year the

traffic pours 80,000 tonnes of poisonous fumes ioto air already polluted with germ-laden dust kicked up by the wind and by yet more dust pouring from brick and cement factories on the outskirts. In Maadi, a residential area lav-

oured by foreigners, the average fall of dust had risen dramatically from 145 to 377 tonnes a month in the past 10 years.

The meeting heard of untreated iodustrial and human waste dumped in the Nile and in Cairo's soil. An expert with Egypt's Irrigation Ministry said wells used for dricking water were in some cases highly polluted with sewage or with chemicals including heavy metals and salts that might cause stomach cancer and kidney dis-

Cairenes throw out two million

the busiest time of the day, the tonnes of garbage a year but about one-third goes uncollected.

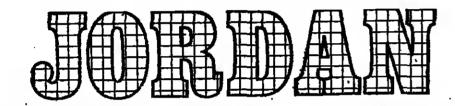
A summary of the conference proceedings published by the ruling party said: "Thousands of toones of garbage ... play a very important role in breeding billions of insects, mainly flies, cockroaches and fleas...

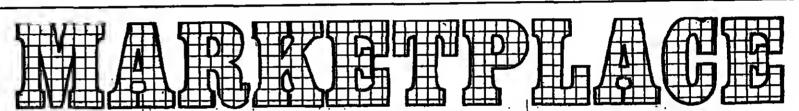
The document said even Cairo's cleanest residential areas, remote from the city's slums, did not escape a recent epidemic known as summer diarrhoea" because of the flies.

Cairene rats bred prolifically. the document said. A pair of rats and their descendants. left to breed unmolesied for three years.

would multiply to 350 million. A mong other recommendations, the conference urged that Egypt should introduce regulations limiting vehicle exhaust emissions and levy a tax on industry to help finance env-

ironmental schemes.



















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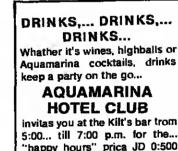
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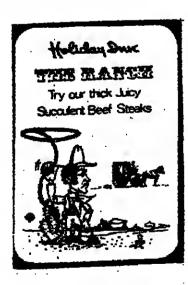
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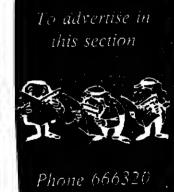














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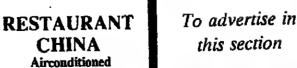
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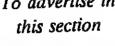


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Kuwait meets Jordan in Olympic qualifier

AMMAN (J.T.) - Kuwait national soccer team arrived here on Sunday to prepare for the second leg of their Olympic soccer qualifying match against Jordan on Friday at the Sports City stadium.

1982 deleated Syria 3-1 last Friday in the same Olympic tournament to lead their qualifying group with 5 points, one point ahead of Syria.

The visiting team trained on Monday at the Sports City stadium concentrating their ettorts on attacking tactics and goal sco-

Meanwhile, the national Jordanian soccer squad was also training at the Petra stadium talso at the Sports City of

But the squad was missing six of its leading players who were involved in a match played at the University of Jordan Monday att-

The march at the University between Al Ahli Football Club and the University tootball team. was held under the patronage of the University President Dr. Abdul Salam Al Majali to mark the inauguration of the University's football stadium.

The game ended in a 1-1 draw with goals scored by Adnan Al Turk for Al Abli and Khaled Said

PALVI BEACH GARDENS.

retained the Ryder Golf Cup by a

narrow one-point margin here on

Sunday, thwaning Britain and

Europe in their attempt to win the

trophy on American soil for the

From Watson heat Britain's Bernard Gallacher 2 and 1 to clinch victory for the U.S. by 141;

But the Americans, level at 8-8

to the start of the final day, had to

fight all the way for their win and

were two points adrilt after first

Briton Nick Faldo beat Jay

Illias, the only previously unb-

caten American, 2 and 1, while

West Germany's Bernhard Lan-

ger linished two up against Gil-

11.S. Masters Champion, had hal-

ved the opening match with buzzy

Zneller, so the U.S. trailed 10' 2 to

But the Americans pulled back

with wins hy Bob Gilder over

Gordon Brand, Ben Crenshaw

over Sandy Lyle, Calvin Peete

over Brian Waites and Craig Sta-

Paul Way, the youngest player

on the European team, defeated

dler over Jan Woosnam.

Seceriano Ballesteros, Spain's

prints to 1312.

three singles.

Morgan.

The United States

U.S. retains Ryder Cup

Kuwait, World Cup finalists in for the university (who also plays for Al Faisally Football Club i scored the equaliser.

In an interview with Al Rai newspaper on Monday, the head of the Kuwaiti delegation Sheikh Ahmad Al Hmoud said that Friday's clash with Jordan will be much tougher than last friday's game against Syria.

He added that lordan will be playing with a relaxed pace because they have nothing to hope from the result, but will obviously be aiming to avenge their 3-0 deleat in Kuwait last month.

Sheikh Al Hmond hoped that Kuwait will take home the two points needed to consolidate their lead in the qualifying group and get on the right track for the next

Atter Friday's match, Kuwait will still have two qualifiers to play. One at home against Syria and the other away to Oatar. Whereas Jordan will be playing their last match and will have to wait for the next Olympics to have

Forrance and Jose-Maria Can-

izares halving their matches with

I'om Kite and Lanny Wadkins,

Waison's win over Gallacher put

the formal seal on the U.S. victory.

the matches in which Torrance

laced Kite, and Spain's Canizares

Forrance trailed Kite playing the last hole at the 7.137-yard

I'GA national course. But he sma-

cked a wonderful wedge shot out of the rough a couple of feet past

the hole and rolled in the putt for a

birdie which camed him a hall in

the match and appeared to have

Canizares came to the long.

water-lined 18th hole one ahead

but hit a weak approach that fell

shon at the green. Wadkins imm-

ediately struck, lafting his wedge

approach 12 inches from the fla-

gstick and saved the match as Can-

izares still failed to get the ball

scrambled for a bogey but won the

hole when Gallacher missed the

green. The Scot was still short in

Iwo and failed to make a crucial

lour-toot out; which would have

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kept him in contention.

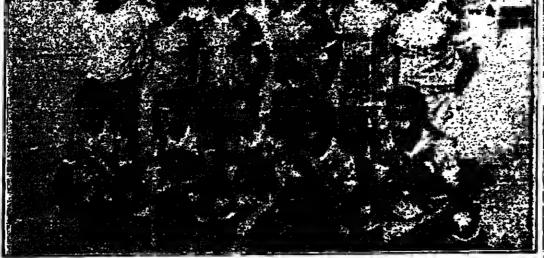
The Ryder Cup was formally

down after two more attempts.

saved the series for Europe.

took on Wadkins.

In the end the match hinged on



Jordan Tennis Federation to start autumn training

AMMAN (J.T.) - The Jordan Stalla fold the Jordan Times. Tennis Federation will open its autumn season of training at the Federation courts on Friday Oct. 20. Coach Maureen Stalla will have an assistant this year. Alastair McNeill, a top player from Scotland. Besides providing training for the Jordanian youth.

the year 1983-84. Besides a junior tournament in November, Mrs. Stalla says she would like to schedule several team matches for the juniors - both the girls' team and the boys' team - with other teams

"After the initial autumn season of intensive training, we mean to crowd the spring with team matches and tournaments," Mrs.

"Incentive and lots of available competition are what we need to raise the standard of tennis in Jordan. With Alastair's help our goals will be easier to achieve. I have many ideas, but they must be tae-

children of 9 or 10 years of age cannot throw a ball, run swittly and each well, they cannot easily learn a dilficult game like tennis." she said. She also hopes that tennis will spread to other towns so that competition will be on a larger scale within the country.

"Right now, it seems that we must go abroad for challenging matches and experience. This is an

will be unnecessary in the tuture to go so far for matches which should be here at home. Jordan can become a tennis centre for the Middle East. Already my older players

are qualified to help as instructors bae camp counselors and we could, after careful organisation. put on a professional summer camp for Jordanians and non Jordunians. The talent and resources are here," she said, "All that is needed is dedication, organisation and hard work," she concluded.

Hamburg comes under close scrutiny in European soccer LONDON IR1 - Five months erpool fans, who tend to exa-

after their unexpected but thornughly deserved triumph in Athens, doubts are still being raised about Hamburg's right to the title of European Soccer Champions.

The feeling persists, and not just in Italy, that the West Germans were fortunate that Juventus the "dream team" - endured a 911-minute nightmare in the Olymoic stadium that night.

On Wednesday Hamburg, who received a bye in the opening round, begin their defence of the trophy with a second round tirst leg tie against Dynamo Bucharest in Romania, knowing they will be under intense scrutiny.

While England's Liverpool and Italian Champions Roma have emerged as the "people's favourites". Hamburg's claims should not be ignored.

They won the West German Championship in 1982 and 1983 and are the frontrunners again this term. Mediocre teams do not stay at the top of the Bundesliga for over two seasons.

Dynamo Bucharest should pose few problems for Hamburg, Felix Magath, whose wonderful goal in Athens will go down in European Cup folklore, is in fine form while new striker Dieter Sehaizschneider will be a headache to the Romanian defence and to commentators alike.

Roma and Liverpool should accompany Hamburg into next year's quarter-finals though they will have to be at their best to get past CSKA Sofia and Athletic Bilbao respectively,

Bilbao's reputation has led Liv-

ggerate such matters, to view Wednesday's tie at Anfield as the coming of the apocalypse.

But their lears for Kenny Dalglish's health against the miimidating Andoni Goikoetxea. who sent Diego Maradona to hospital and out of lootball for three months, are unnecessary.

Glasgow-born Dalglish, enjoying another magnificent season with Liverpool, is well-equipped to look after himself although it may be a different matter in the more hostile atmosphere of the rctum leg. More worrying to Liverpool will

be the loss of Dalglish's sidekick lan Rush. The deadly Welsh Marksman aggravated an old groin injury in the 3-1 win over West Ham on Saturday and will watch Goikoetxea from the safety of a grandstand seat.

Roma, the Italian League leaders, and reinforced by the signing of Brazilian Toninho Cerezo this season, face a hazardous trip to Bulgaria to meet CSKA Sofia.

CSKA have built up an interested following among bookmakers in recent seasons for their happy knack of despatching the big names from the competition.

Ajax Amsterdam, Nottingham Forest and Liverpool, all of whom were European Champions at the time, came to grief in Sofia and Roma may have to suitle their newly found spirit of adventure and mount a rearguard action.

Another club fast developing a giant-killing act are Olympiakos of Greece, first round conquerers of Ajax. They entertain Benfica of Portugal, the 1961 and 1962 win-

Benfica, unbeaten in the league this season with 13 poiots from

the weekend without the services of Swedish international Glenn Stromberg, who was otherwise. engaged scoring twice in the 3-it

detect of Haly in Naples. All is not well in the Portuguese camp, however. Defensive Lynchpin Humberto Coelho underwent a knee operation recently and \ eloso has also been ruled nu

through mjury. The most intriguing tie of the round is the clash between Belgium's Standard Liege and the under-rated Scottish Champions

Dundee United. Liege, who have home advantage in the first leg, will be horking to the return of former West German international Horst Hrubesch, who got his hands on the European Cup with Hamburg last season, to add some much-needed punch up front.

Standard's total of 13 goals from 10 league games will not anduly worry the Scots, more continental than British in style.

Whatever the outcome, ilamburg and company will be glad to see the back of the losers. Dundee United's countrymen,

Cup-Winners Cup holders Aherdeen, will also be in Belgium on Wednesday and will need to show a marked improvement on their first round form against Akranes of Iceland if they are to overcome league leaders Beveren.

The three main threats to Aberdeen, Juventus. Barcelona and Manchester United, are also on foreign assignments but should reach the last eight with ease.

United meet Spariak Varna of Bulgaria, Barcelona tackle Dutch Cup winners Nijmegen and Juventus, eager to make up for last season's disappointment, lace Paris St. Germain.

Nzau wins America's Marathon

CHICAGO IRI - Joe Nzau ol Kenya won the America's Marathon in record time here on Sunday, beating Britain's Hugh Jones by the narrowest margin of one second.

Nzau eaught the Briton at the 25-mile mark, just over a mile from the finish, and they bauled down the hame stretch shoulder to

"At 26 miles I knew I had the in to win. The Kenyan said. Nzau, the pre-race favourite, improved on his second place last year by winning in a course record time of two hours nine minutes

and 44 seconds. Nzau's protege Simeon Kigen, running his first marathon, was a surprise leader for much of the last quarter of the race but taded in the

last mile to finish third in 2:111:51. Nzau said he let others set the early pace to save his stamina for the final push, rather than exhaust himself in an attempt to set a world best time. He needed that last ounce of stamina in his tussle with Jones at the finish.

He said Kigen "ran a lantastic race but set too last a pace." Delending men's champion

Greg Vieyer of the U.S., still recovering from injury, finished 1-th in 2:17:34. The race auracted 6,935 enti-

Agapius Masong of Tanzania

crossed the line fourth, followed by Christoph Herie of West Germany and Ganni Poli of Italy. Tom Raunig was the top U.S. linisher in seventh place, more than three minutes behind Nzau.

Rosa Mota of Portugal won the women's race in a course record 2:31:12, 25 seconds ahead of second-placed Jacqueline Garent of Canada.

Dorthe Rasinussen of Denmark was third, ahead of New Zealand's Anne Audain, who clocked 2:32:14 in her first marathon to finish fourth, and Karen Dunn of

Last year's women's champion. American Nancy Conz. was a disappointing eighth in 2:36:44.

Big four march on in world team squash

AUCKLAND (R1 - Pakistan. 9-6, 9-1, 9-7 win over Fredrik Australia. England and Egypt the big four of squash - marched on towards the semifinals of the

World Team Championship Monday. Sixth seeded Sweden came elosest to causing an upset when Lars

Kvant gave them an early lead

against Egypt by beating Ahmed Safwat 9-7, 4-9, 9-7, 9-3. But Magdi Saad levelled the tie when he beat Jan-Ulf Soderburg in four games and Naser Zahran

The Pakistan trio of World Champion Jahangir Khan, unbeaten since 1981, Oamar Zaman and Magsood Ahmed had no such problems against New Zealand. winning all three matches for the loss of just 20 points.

Australia and England, who

meet Egypt on Tuesday to decide first place in Group 'B', also won 3-11 against the United States and Canada respectively. clinehed a 2-1 victory with a 2-9.

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kled carefully and methodically. Mrs. Stalla added that she Mrs. Stalla and Mr. McNeill will would like to see the universities be coaching the national team develop strong reams and tennis which is drawn from the National classes. She mentioned the need Ladder. for more physical education in the Many activities are planned for schools fur young children." If the beat Ray Hoyd. But with Sam

Navratilova beats Shriver, bags \$150,000 tournament

TARPON SPRINGS. Florida IR Wimbledon and U.S. Open Champion Martina Navratilova, antage. won her 36th straight match to deleat fellow American Pam Shr- anymore." said Shriver. "I used to Ner 6-3, 6-2 to win a \$1500.000 women's tennis tournament here

Sunday. Navratilova, the top seed, earned \$28,000 as she boosted her 1983 match record to 72 wins and decided in a scruffy way when one defeat. Her only loss was aga-Watson, one hole up going to the short 17th, got into trouble and inst American Kathy Horvath in

the French Open. Second seed Shriver, who received \$14,000, has now lost 16 of 19 matches against Navratilova. her doubles partner.

It was Navratilova's first tounament since she clinched her iirst U.S. Open title last month in New York with a b-1. fi-3 final ictory over Chris Even Lloyd.

Navratilova beat Shriver to the net in a match featuring two of the circuit's hest serve-and-volley players. When Shriver did come in. Navratilova used an improved backhand passing shot to adv-

"I can't attack her backhand in. hut she hits it so hard now. It's a heavy-duty shot now." "The court is slow and it's easy

to hit the top-spin," said Navratilova, who celebrates her 27th birthday on Tuesday." I never felt threatened by her coming in to the nct. My backhand is getting bet-

Navratilova's serve could not get much better. She put 77 per cent of her first serves in play, and in the second set lost only one point in four service games.

Navratilova has now won six straight matches against Shriver. including a quarter-final match in the U.S. Open. In 1982, Shriver eliminated Navratilova at the U.S. Open -- her last victory over the world's top-ranked player.

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ZAR()A(J.T.) - The national Jordanian Polo team Sunday beat

the visiting British polo team in a match held at the Royal Jor-

The Jordanian team led by His Highness Crown Prince Hassan.

At the end of the match. Their Highnesses Prince Ali and

beat the British team 8-1. The Jordanian team had earlier this

Princess Hava presented the trophy to the winning team and

The match was attended by Her Highness Princess Sarvath, the

assistant Chief of Stall, the British Ambassador to Amman Mr.

the winners of the polo match held Sunday (Petra photn!

British polo team

month beat a visiting Pakistani team 4-3.

distributed prizes to the members of both teams.

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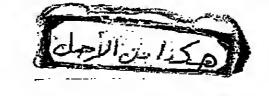
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French-born mathematician wins Nobel economics prize

STOCKHOLM (R) - French- sen macro-economists with links balance between supply and demborn mathematician Professor Gerard Debreu, described by scholars as a neutral theoretician, won the 1983 Nobel memorial prize for economics, the Royal Swedish Academy of Sciences announced Monday.

It awarded him the 1.5 million crown (\$190,000) prize for "having incorporated new analytical methods into economic theory and for his rigorous reformulation of the theory of general equ-

University professors questioned by Reuters interpreted the award to Dr. Debreu as a move back to honouring pure scientific

falls, with ICI down 6p at 570.

1.1 at 677.4.

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LONDON STOCK MARKET

LONDON (R) - Share prices closed mainly lower as buyers

remained absent from the market after the recent falls, with trade

at a very low level, dealers said. At 1500 the F.T. index was down

Prices were above the lows in places after news of far stronger

than expected U.K. retail sales in September, dealers said, but the

market remained dull with sentiment depressed by press talk that

the "bulf" market in shares may be over. Most leaders had small

Government bonds ended firmer but off the highs. Gold shares gave up early gains as bullion fell back, but U.S. sbares rose.

Long-dated bonds firmed after Friday's news of a fall in U.S.

M1 money supply, dealers said, but saw early 3/4 point gains pared

to 44 point on the possible inflation implications of strong U.K.

417, and oils were dull. Glaro was a rare firm feature, up 30p at

735 in reaction to the recent fall. Newspapers fell as lack of

progress on the possible Reuters flotation and weekend press

Hong Kong shares gained on news of the pegging of the local currency to the U.S. dollar. Hutchison was up 7p at 89 after 90.

LONDON EXCHANGE RATES

LONDON (R) - Following are the buying and selling rates for

leading world currencies and gold against the dollar at midday on

U.S. dollars

Canadian dollars

Dutch guilders

Swiss francs

Belgian francs

French francs

Japanese yen

U.S. dollars

Swedish crowns

Norwegian crowns

Italian lire

West German marks

the London foreign exchange and bullion markets Monday.

1.5023/33

1.2312/15

./ 2.9115/25

····2:1030/40

52.86/90

7.9390/9420

232,40/50

7.7760/7810

7.2980/3030

400.00/400.50

1579.00/1580.00

2.5980/90

comment prompted profit-taking. Fleet fell 10p to 116.

Banks again fell on debt concern, with Barclays down 10p at

retail sales and as U.S. bonds opened lower.

to politicians.

The 1976 award to Chicago market. monetarist Mr. Milton Friedman. who inspired the policies of Amegaret Thatcher, was especially controversial.

Dr. Debreu, 62, was born in Calais. France, but became an same year he took up his present post as professor of mathematics said. at the University of California. Berkeley.

penetrating basic work in proving mathematically a hypothesis of 18th century laissez-faire eco-

and in an ideal, competitive free

His model of the market economy was set out in his main book rican President Ronald Reagan. Theory of Value published in the and British Prime Minister Mar- 1950s, which scholars described as a remarkable text of only 80

Later he extended his ideas to the theory of capital and the the-American citizen in 1975, the ory of economic behaviour in uncertain conditions, the academy

Although his intellectual influence was indirect, his clarity of The academy said he had done style and analytical stringency had great effects on economic methods, it added.

Some scholars however exp-The academy has recently cho- nomist Adam Smith that there is ressed surprise at the award, saying that more important work in the same field was achieved by the 1972 winners John Hicks of Britain and Kenneth Arrow of the United States.

Dr. Debreu, who had done little since the 1950s, had concentrated mainly on translating their ideas into higher mathematics, they

Dollar eases

LONDON (R) - The dollar traded lower on foreign exchange markets Monday on growing expectation that U.S. sbort-term interest rates may soon be cut.

The dollar was quoted at 2.5945 marks in early afternoon trading. down from 2.6183 at Friday's close and below Monday opening of 2.5965.

The U.S. currency also eased against other major currencies, falling sharply against the French franc to 7.9365 francs after Friday's 7.9900. Dealers said the weekly U.S.

M-1 money supply figure ann-ounced on Friday, showing an unexpected \$1.1 billion drop in the amount of cash and liquid deposits in circulation, had raised hopes that the Federal Reserve Board might shortly ease interest

But some dealers said other U.S. economic data, including a 1.5 per cent rise in industrial production in September, showed the recovery was proceeding at a hea-Ithy pace without the stimulus of lower interest rates.

Dealers, hacked by analysts including Mr. Henry Kaufman of Salomon Brothers, forecast stable interest rates for the next few

come from Middle Eastern producers.

np stocks for at least one year.

orted at the weekend.

Peanuts

Tanzania buys Libyan oil

DAR ES SALAAM (OPECNA) - Tanzania has received 70,000

tons of Libyan crude out of 200,000 tons ordered to belp "keep the

wheels of industry running for 45 days," the Tanzanian radio rep-

Some 29,000 tons of diesel oil, kerosene and aviation fuel will

Faced with acute economic problems, the government is neg-

otiating sizeable oil deals with several oil producing countries to build

Japan nears finalising new economic plan

TOKYO (R) — Japanese government ministries promise of a tax cut in the package Monday launched a final round of talks on a new economic package expected to be approved on Friday, government sources said.

The package, under discussion of Japan's official discount rate, since July, will aim to boost domestic demand and increase imports the business climate. of manufactured goods to counter criticism from the United States and the European Community of Japan's growing trade surplus, they said.

diplomatic elimate during the vists to Japan early next month of Kohl and President Reagan, the sources said.

They said the package is likely to include a tax cut, additional spending on public works, provision of low interest loans to importers to finance their purchases from abroad and measures to strengthen the Japanese yen.

The Japanese press has speculated that the package may be accompanied by a cut in the Bank

Yen stability seen priority

Asked to comment on the speculation, a spokesman restated the It will also help to improve the central bank's official view that it wanted the yen to be stable against the U.S. dollar before it decided West German Chancellor Helmut on a discount rate cut, which would lead to a fall in other interest rates.

> Bank officials are worried that a eut in interest rates could bring renewed weakness of the Japanese currency.

> sting Japan's trade surplus, because it makes Japanese goods cheaper to American buyers.

which will have to be approved hy parliament - may be used by Prime Minister Yasuhiro Nakasone as an inducement to opposition parties to end their current boycott of the Diet over the Tanaka affair.

The boycott is in support of the opposition's demand that former prime minister Mr. Kakuei Tanaka resign his diet seat following his conviction last week in the Lockheed bribery case.

A panel of government advisors Monday submitted a broadlyworded interim report recommending tax reductions.

It did not specify the size or timing of the tax cuts, the first since 1977, but advocated a major drop in income tax, government officials said.

The ruling Liberal Democratic U.S. officials have cited the Party (LDP) was expected to work weak yen as a major factor in boo- out its own tax cut scheme Tuesday, based on the recommendations, and refer it to the opposition camp on Wednesday. · Government sources said the

Hong Kong investors rush to buy U.S. dollars

estors rushed to buy U.S. dollars, Monday and their demands pusbed Hong Kong's currency below the new fixed rate set by the government.

The rusb left the local dollar trading at 7.92 to the U.S. unit late in the day, compared with a fixed rate of 7.80 announced by the government on Saturday in a bid to restore confidence in the battered currency.

It bad warned however that some fluctuations could be expected initially at bank counters in spite of the new rate, and dealers said there had been widespread confusion on the market about how the new measures would

They attributed most dealings to small investors, the same people who panicked three weeks ago because of uncertainty about the future of the colony - which China says it plans to regain in 1997 - and marked the Hong Kong dollar down then to a record

low of 9.50. "It was Hong Kong's housemaids and taxi drivers, ever awake to a bargain, changing a few

HONG KONG (R) -- Small inv- thousand dollars in their droves." one dealer said of Monday's rush by people hoping to turn their savings into U.S. dollars at the new rate.

> The government set the new rate by requiring the two hig banks that issue the local currency to deposit foreign exchange equivalent to each dollar they print.

> Details of the new arrangement were under study by other banks Monday as financial secretary Sir John Bremridge said in a statement the government was confident that the local dollar would soon stabilise around the 7.80

> The government's measures received a vote of confidence from. the colony's four stock exchanges with the market index gaining more than 40 points in the first hour of trading to 779.01. It stayed there most of the day before closing at 771.55.

Bankers said that the rush to

buy U.S. dollars at the 7.80 rate will tend to shrink the local money supply drastically and put pressure on banks to raise interest rates. now 16 per cent for hlue-chip borrowers, as they seek to attract fresh funds. But they predicted this would

be a short-term phenomenon.

Dealers said long-term developments would depend on the course of Sino-British talks on the future of the colony.

The next round begins in Peking on Oct. 19, and dealers saw the government's action as aimed at rebutting any allegations by Peking that the Hong Kong authorities are not acting to protect the currency.

Uncompromising statements from Peking about the future are the main cause of the dollar's recent decline, a development that also rattled China which earns a large share nf its foreign exchange in the colony

China, Turkey discuss ties

ANKARA (R) - Visiting Chinese Foreign Minister Wu Xue-qian and Turkish Foreign Minister İlter Turkmen Monday discussed bilateral trade ties and possible. increases in Turkish textile exports, Turkish officials said.

The foreign ministry officials said Mr. Turkmen and Mr. Wu. who arrived Sunday for a threeday official visit, also reviewed; other bilateral economic and int-

ernational issues. They said Turkey wanted to

improve trade ties with China by increasing Turkish exports, perticularly of textiles, because of the country's shrinking market in Europe.

Turkisb exports to China totalled \$17 million last year, while imports were worth \$2.5 million. the officials said.

China and Turkey agreed last year to develop relations when Turkish President Kenan Evren visited Peking.

FORECAST FOR TUESDAY, OCTOBER 18, 1983

GENERAL TENDENCIES: A day to consider the best

ways and means by which you will be able to lake your

imaginative and idealistic ideas and plans and put them

ARIES (Mar. 21 to Apr. 19) Plan time for ridding ynurself

of small details that should be handled before you can

TAURUS (Apr. 20 to May 20) Ideal day to get your am-

GEMINI (May 21 to June 21) Be analytical of your career

MOON CHILDREN (Juna 22 to Jul. 21) Be sure you

and know how best to improve it and you can take big

know all the facts, factors and figures of any new ar-

LEO (Jul. 22 to Aug. 21) Study your many respon-

aibilities and find ways to cut down on them so that you

VIRGO (Aug. 22 to Sept. 22) Situations arise that will

LIBRA (Sept. 23 to Oct. 22) Be mroe concerned with

SCORPIO (Oct. 23 to Nov. 21) Mora preparation is need-

SAGITTARIUS (Nov. 22 to Dec. 21) Do whelever it is

CAPRICORN (Dec. 22 to Jan. 20) Get all that cor-

respondence handled about which you have been pro-

AQUARIUS (Jan. 21 to Feb. 19) Get at the business of

PISCES (Feb. 20 to Mar. 20) Concentrate on self now

IF YOUR CHILD IS BORN TODAY ... Ha or she will be

and know what you truly want out of life and plan just how

one of thosa delightful young persons who will early con-

centrate on how to raalize his, or her fondest wishes and

will formulete e very detailed plan for so doing. Provide

"The Stars impel; they do not compel." What you make

fine spiritual guidance and a good education.

collections and then pay your most pressng bills so that

ed before you can make those new ideas work successful-

that kin expect of you early end come to a better accord

getting everything eround you in more harmonious con-

dition and put aside weighty matters for a while.

show you how best you can please those you are allied

bitions clear in your mind so that you can later go efter

into some form of successful detailed action.

make progress in new outlets, or regular ones.

them in a very efficient manner.

strides forward today and tonight.

with, and remove tansions.

ly, so get busy on such now.

with them. Be tactful today.

crastinating and do it wisely.

you can keep out of hot water.

of your lifa is largaly up to you!

to ettain your aims.

rengements you are endeavoring to make.

do not overwork. Handle tha most important.

YOUR DAILY

 $\overline{\Gamma}_{i}$

THE Daily Crossword by Stanley B. William 24 Pittsburgh athletes 11 Harder to find 42 "Gunsi **ACROSS** star 43 Al Capone 12 Gather 48 Piggery 49 "And the 28 Wrath 8 A Teas 21 Calendar 13 Ester of 54 Lily plant 22 Skeppist's

31 Stinging remark 35 Hayley or John 36 Low grad 37 Spirit

·17 Out-ofdate 18 Flange: 18 Taj Maha 39 Hush-hu 20 Emmy

18 Streetcar

in London

item 41 Exclama TV shot 23 Unit of

62 Young girl tions of

man 5 Vikki the singer 8 Zodiac

in Aries

DOWN

55 Henry the publisher 56 Carnival

57 Rock's

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parts 30 Coal size

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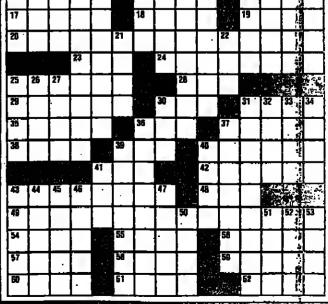
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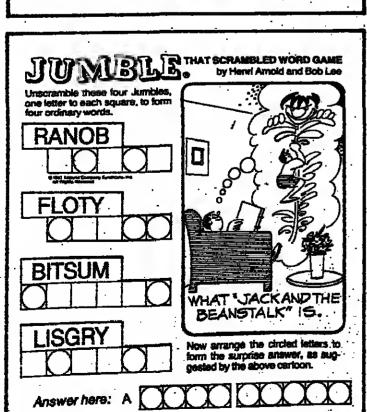
45 Soap plant 46 Staggers 47 Host: 50 Golf bag definite date 8 Wine 51 Breinstorm 52 Grant and Majers 53 WW II;



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THE BETTER HALF, By Harris

"I've decided to save money by buying our own phone system. Would you prefer tin cans or jungle drums?"



Jumbles: CARGO FOCUS UPSHOT TROPHY

to get to the berber's in the quickest possible wsy—A SHORT CUT

What the rookle G.I. was told to take in order









Mutt 'n' Jeff



Andy Capp









China jails 3 youths who aided hijack

PEKING (R) - A youth who was an accomplice to the hijacking of a Chinese airliner to South Korean last May was Monday given a suspended death sentence while two others were jailed for life, Peking television reported.

Wu Yingjun, who hoarded the aircraft on a reconnaisance mission before the hijacking. was given a death sentence suspended for two years, while Guan Jian and Yang Jie were given life sentences for hiding guns, it said.

The television showed the three yeuths bow their heads as the sentences were read out before thousands of spectators in an auditorium in the northeastern city ef

The aircraft, a British-built Trident, was hijacked at gunpoint hy five men and a woman when it was en a domestic flight from Shenyang to Shanghai.

lt was first knewn successful hijacking of a Chinese airliner and led to the first direct contact between China and South Korea, which do not have diplomatic relatiens.

The six who took part in the actual hijacking were jailed for between four and six years by a Seoul court in August. China condemned the sentences as too len-

Monday rejected a North Korean

charge that it was staging pro-

vocative war games, saying that a

20.000-man military exercise in.

and around Seoul was an annual

A Seoul defence ministry off-icial said the six-day exercise,

which began Sunday involved

Homeland Reserve Forces (HRF)

and happend to coincide with the

current tense situation on the

Korean Peninsula following the

a report by the North Korean Cen-

tral News Agency (KCNA), mon-

itored in Tokyo, that Seoul had

The official was commenting on

Oct. 9 Rangoon bomb blast.

routine operation.

Paris condemns S. African bomb attack in Maputo

South African defence hea-

dquarters in Pretoria said a small

task force had attacked the ANC

office, located in a residential nei-

ghbourhood near the president's

Mr. Machel, who flew in from

Belgrade aboard a special Tup-

olev airliner, was met at Orly Int-

ernational Airport by French Tra-

nsport Minister Charles Fiterman

and left for Paris without speaking

France since his country's ind-

ependence from Portugal in 1975.

He was originally due to travel to

France last May but the visit was

postponed because of a South Afr-

ican raid then against alleged

ANC targets in Maputo.
Three ANC members were

The visit is Mr. Machel's first to

PARIS (R) — France condemned the South African commando raid in Maputo Monday as Mozambique President Samora Machel began political and economic talks with French President Francois Mitterrand.

South Africa.

to journalists.

Shortly after Mr. Machel arrved in Paris for a two-day visit, a French government spokesman said: "We condemn this attack against a sovereign country as we have condemned sunilar raids in

Official French sources said the bomb attack on an office of the African National Congress (ANC) was unlikely to have any immediate effect on French political and economic support for

But political commentators said the raid would reinforce any plea from Mr. Machel for increased backing from France's socialist

Officials said the Mozambican president began talks with Mr. Mitterrand soon after arriving and the two leaders were then sch-

eduled to have a working lunch. The official Mozambican news agency AIM said a rooftop bomb wounded five people and caused extensive to an apartment block housing an office of the African National Congress (ANC), which is fightiog against white rule in hospital. AIM said the three ANC mem-

bers were asleep in their org-anisation's third floor offices when all three bombs went off simultaneously at 3 a.m. (0100 GMT). It said the other two mjured were Mozambicans.

enough for them to be taken to

The hlasts created holes in the roof and shattered windows all around, sending shards of glass flying into rooms in neighbouring apartments where several people suffered minor cuts, it said.

Neither AIM nor a terse government statement apportioned blame for the blast. AIM said defence and security forces were inv-

estigating.
The blast destroyed much of a wall around the roof of the threestorey building and badly damaged rooms on the second and third floors, AIM added. It gave no indication where the ANC office was located.

Troops guarded the area aro-und the shattered building and kept reporters away.

Mozamhicans who had visited the ANC office said it was on the top floor and appeared to be an

As is common in many parts of Maputo, the building had been designed by the Portuguese as an apartment block but is now a mixand wounded five people seriously true of offices and flats.

Glenn says he will survive film portrait if President Reagan can

washington (R) — Exastronaut John Glenn boycotted Sunday night the world premiere of the space film "The Right Stuff', in which he is portrayed, even though his opponents felt the film could boost his presidential

campaign. Mr. Glenn, now a Democratic senator from Ohio and a leading candidate for his party's presidential nomination, criticised the film script earlier this year for portraying him as a "preaching Presbyterian prude.'

Also absent from the premiere, which was preceded by a flypast of World War II planes, was President Reagan, who is expected to run for re-election next year, and Mr. Glenn's six Democrat oppenents for the nomination.

Four of the seven original group of U.S. astronauts portrayed in the film were there as were seven astronauts from the later moon landing Apollo programme.

Before leaving Washington for a weekend in California with his family. Mr. Glenn scoffed at the idea that the film would have a big

LONDON (R) — Prime Minister

Margaret Thatcher's most out-

spoken hardliner, Norman Tebbit,

promoted in a cahinet shuffle cau-

sed by the resignation of disgraced

Minister Cecil Parkinson, was hai-

led Monday as her likeliest suc-

Mr. Tebbit, appointed to the

important cabinet post of trade

and industry secretary, is the

major beneficiary of Mr. Par-

kinson's fall over a love affair with

his now pregnant former sec-

An abrasive and combative pol-

itician, Mr. Tebbit is the cabinet

minister closest to Mrs. Thatcher's

ANTONY, France (R) - A

neo-Gaullist was Sunday elected

mayor of this working-class town

south of Paris, wresting power

from the Communist Party in what

Patrick Devedjian won 51.29

per cent of the votes while out-

going Communist Mayor Andre

Aubry, who held his seat for six

Last June an electoral court

overruled a 419-vote election vic-

tory by Mr. Aubry saying it was

smashed his truck into a motel bar.

killing five people, after he had

been thrown out it, the pro-

secution alleged in court here

Prosecutor John McMaster said

driver Douglas Crabbe smiled at

one of the injured who was pinned

under the huge truck before run-

No plea was taken from Mr.

Crabbe, who faces five counts of

murder over the Aug. 18 crash at

the inland motel at remote Ayers

Mr. McMaster said Mr. Crabbe

had been drinking at the bar for about an hour and had to he sub-

dued by two or three people bec-

ning off into the outback.

Rock, Central Australia.

England

Monday.

years, gained 48.71 per cent.

French left wing.

Municipal election result

political commentators said was a Mr. Devedjian came just 163

further setback for the ruling votes short of the 50 per cent nee-

Court told trucker drove

into motel bar on purpose

ALICE SPRINGS (R) - A driver a nuisance of himself."

setback for French left

right-wing political thinking.

grade films made by Mr. Reagan, Mr. Glenn told reporters, "if President Reagan can survive 'Bedtime for Bonzo' I guess I can survive 'The Right Stuff'." Newspapers suggested that The Right Stuff' would be a 'major hit which might help Mr. Glenn strongly because of its por-

trayal of him as heroic but human.

Many Conservatives believe he

is now on course to take over lea-

dership of the governing party

should Mrs. Thatcher, 58 last

Mrs. Thatcher has given no ind-

ication she is about to bow out and

has said she looks forward to lea-

ding the party into the next gen-

With Mr. Parkinson, a Thatcher protege, now out of the running,

newspapers supportive of the

Conservative government made

Mr. Tebbit the favourite to suc-

The Daily Express called him

Mrs. Thatcher's heir apparent and

said hardly a senior rival was in

A second poll last Sunday, with

transparent ballot boxes in use for

the first time and the presence of a

large contingent of riot police, fai-

led to produce a conclusive victor.

The election has taken on nat-

ional proportions due to setbacks

for France's ruling left wing in

Mr. Devedjian is a close ass-

ociate of Paris Mayor Jacques

Chirac, leader of the RPR party

whose campaign to win over tra-ditionally leftist towns has met

He said Mr. Crabbe showed no

sign of being drunk when he left,

but he went to a nearby motel and

unhitched two trailers from his

truck, described as a road train

He then drove the single trailer

into the bar with murderous int-

ent, killing three men and two

women and injuring a dozen other

He was alleged to have told the

manager of a construction site.

where he was found several hours

later, "it's no good wandering around in the bush. I have to face

The committal hearing is con-

people, Mr. McMaster said.

because of its length.

up to it some time."

ded to become mayor.

other municipal elections.

with some success.

week, decide to step down.

eral election, due by 1988.

ceed the prime minister.

Hardliner seen as Thatcher's successor

Referring to one of the low-

Astronaut John Glenn

effect on his campaign

The Washington Post called the film "a great American movie in a new epic form" and The New York Times called it a "true adventure story."

Film actor Charlton Heston one of the many celebrities at the gala, said be was sure the film: being released as the country prepares for the primary election process to select presidential candidates, was bound to boost Mr. Glenn's chances.

White House chief of staff James Baker said he did not believe the Glenn movie would hurt President Reagan, who is expected to formally announce within a few months that he will run

again. "I don't think the voters are going to base their decision on a movie," he said in a television interview

The film, planned long before it was known that Mr. Glenn would run for president, is being released at a time when Mr. Glenn and his main opponent ex-Vice President Walter Mondale are running neck-and-neck in voter favour.

The headline-catching drama of

Trade Secretary Cecil Parkinson,

his wife Ann and his former sec-

retary, Sara Keays, upstaged Mrs.

Thatcher at --- the annual con-

ference of her Conservative Party

Political uproar over ex-

Minister Parkinson and his former

mistress spurred criticism from

commentators and some of Mrs.

Thatcher's own supporters.
In trying to keep Mr. Parkinson

in the cabinet then finally acc-

epting his twice-offered res-

ignation, they said, Mrs. Thatcher

seemed to have lost a deft political

words differ

from deeds,

Reagan's

Doctor tells parents to grow up

like teenagers have been advised by a family psychiatrist to grow up and preserve a generation gap. Parents should stop aping adolescents in dress, speech and action, Dr. Martyn Gay told a conference of headmasters in Cambridge. Dr. Gay, who has four teenage children, said young people were harmed by parents who acted like them. Parents should be prepared to state their beliefs and stand by them. If you think it is wrong for your sons and daughters to have sex outside marriage, you should say it is wrong. Stand up to your kids. They need to have some guidance and some control." Young people needed firmness and sensitivity from adults but it was vitally important to keep a

Saudi prince robbed in U.K.

LONDON (R) — A Sandi prince was robbed of jewels worth £300,000 (\$450,000) by two men

Pandas threatened

PEKING (R) - China's threatened giant pandas appear to have survived a withering last spring of the bamboo which is their staple food but face a critical period this winter, the China Daily reported. It said no deaths had been reported from the three western provinces where an estimated 1,000 pandas still live wild. But it quoted Deputy Forestry Minister Dong Zhiyong as saying the cri-tical period would come between November and May. In the spring huge tracts of arrow bamboo, the rare animals' favourite food, began to flower and wither - a cyclical phenomenon which pre-

Palme says NEW YORK (R) — Swedish Prime Minister Olof Palme, in an

interview released Sunday, said President Reagan's anti-Soviet rhetoric is creating "a state of insecurity' in Europe because his words and deeds are different. Asked by Newsweck International in an interview in New York if Mr. Reagan's rhetoric aga-

inst Moscow was to be taken seriously, Mr. Palme said: "Well, I don't know. Because if you really look at it, the actions have been cautious. "But that is precisely what leaves us in Western Europe in a state

of insecurity, because we don't quite know whether to follow the

words or the actions." Mr. Palme said he was deeply upset about worsening East-West relatious and its effect on the arms

reduction talks. Asked for his view on the planned deployment of U.S. Pershing

missiles in Western Europe from December, Mr. Palme said: "We are against the deployment, but that doesn't mean we swallow the Russian point of view. Not at all."

Mr. Palme said merging the Intermediate-range Nuclear Forces (INF) talks with the Strategic Arms Reduction (START) talks. both staged in Geneva, may be the only way out of the impasse.

"In principle, we will meet with both Salvadorean and Nicaraguan dissidents," the former secretary of state told reporters, adding that no dates had been set for the mee-

set up in August to make policy recommendations on Central America, visited Panama, Costa

Rica, Honduras, Guatemala, El Salvador and Nicaragua. chilly reception in Nicaragua,

The Kissinger commission got a

ing open war against his country. Nicaraguan officials have made

empts to topple the Sandinist gov-

ernment. The New York Times Sunday quoted Reagan administration officials as saying the CIA recommended and helped plan the

Costa Rican Vice President Alberto Fait called for U.S. aid at

LONDON (R) - Parents who follow current trends and try to act

clear distinction between the generation, he said.

who held him at knifepoint in his west London home on Saturday, police said Sunday night. They named the victim as Prince Abdul Majid Bin Saud.

by bamboo famine

vents the pandas from eating it.

Princess reveals love of lorries

SYDNEY (R) - Princess Anne said here that she might have chosen to be a lorry driver if she had not been born into the royal family. The princess, aged 33, made the suggestion during a television interview with Michael Parkinson in which she dismissed rumours of an impending divorce from her husband, capt. Mark Phillips, as "ill-informed gossip." "Where they (reporters) have nothing better to do they just think up a story." the princess said. She told how, when a gunman tried to kidnap her in London in 1974, the back of her dress split open as she wrestled to stop him pulling her out of her car. "I was scrupulously polite because I thought it would be too silly to be rude at that stage." Of suggestions that she is too serious, she said: "I always think it's difficult to take an intelligent interest and wear a grin." Men of the royal family were allowed to be more serious, she rem-

2 doctors cleared of murder charge

LOS ANGELES (R) — The Cal-

ifornia Court of Appeals have overturned murder charges against two doctors who were the first in the United States to be indicted for withdrawing all life support systems from a patient. A number of U.S. doctors hailed the court's ruling as an important victory for the American medical profession and said they hoped it would help establish legal conditions under which doctors could allow terminally-ill patients to die. The court ruled that doctors Robert Neidl and Neil Barber did not violate any legal duty when they removed a 54-year-old patient, Claarence, Herbert, from a respirator in Los Angeles in August 1981 and then, when he continued to breathe, stopped supplying him with nourishment intravenously. Herbert, who had become comotose after an operation, died six days after the intravenous fluids were withdrawn.

wounded in the Maputo explosion AIM reported. It said three explosive charges information centre. placed on the roof of the building. on the corner of Gen. Pereira de Eca Street and Mao Tse Tung Avenue, caused extensive damage

authoritles to increase tension on the Korean Peninsula after the Rangoon incident. South Korea has hlamed the North Koreans for the explosion in which four top South Korean ministers were killed, but Pyo-

lowing the Rangoon hlast. The Seoul government was still awaiting word from Rangoon Monday on the outcome of a Burmese government inv-

killed 21 people. South Korea's new foreign minister, Lee Won-Kyung, told reporters: "Quick resolving of the Burma disaster and further enhancing of South Korea-Burma ties

staged a provocative war exercise near the Demilitarised Zone (DMZ) separating the two Kor-KCNA said the war games rep-

Drills routine, Seoul says

BY CHARLES GOREN

MR. GOREN

Q. - One of the players in our gama arguea vehemantly about the virtues of "balancing." I know what he means. but I am not sure how bids in the halancing position differ from bids in the immediate seat. Can yeu help?-D.

(This queation has been awarded the weekly prize.) A .- First of all, let'a shew what we mean hy the balanc-

Weat North East Senth

Nerth is in the "immediate" seat, i.e., the seat right hehind the epening hidder. He chose not to act. After East's paas, Seuth is in the "balancing" seat. If he dnes net take seme action,

Te act in the immediate seat, yeu need snund values. One of your epponents has already anneunced a hand that is stronger than the average; and right behind ynu is another ene of the enemy anxinua te de you great damage if he can. After all, his strength is as yet unknewn.

however, you can act on far because there is an implication that partner has a fair ameunt of strength. Why, then, did partner net enter the auction? Because his hand was flawed in some way or other. Perbaps a large part of bis length or strength was in the enemy suit, or perhaps be had the wrong distribution for a takeout

partner has some strength? Assume that your band is weaker than an epening hid-say 10 points. Since reaponder did net act, he can-.not have more than 6 points.

the latest in an exchange of accusations by the two Koreas fol-

estigation into the hombing, which

will be the best way to meet the

to let the epponents buy the

hand at tha one-level.

Therefore, you want to com-

pete, either by bidding a auit

But partner has to knew

whether you are hidding en

aub-minimum values simply

te protect against the np-

ponents huying the hand too

cheaply, er whether you real-

ly have a sound hand. One

simple way to do this, and

majority ef experts, is to

have all good hands, i.e.,

those of 11 HCP er better,

start eff with a takeout dou-

ble. That means that any

tune yeu balance with a suit

bid, you are limiting your

hand to 10 HCP. The enly ex-

ception is a balancing hid of 1

ne trump, which is shaded te

If you are going to shade

yeur balancing deuble, yeu

still need a way to tell part-

ner when you have tha sort

of band which would have

qualified for a takeout double

in the immediate seat.

Therefore, you have to

change yeur schedula of

rebids. To show a normal

takeout double, yeu raise

partner's auit; you jump raisa

his suit with 16-18 points, in-

stead of just making a simple

raise. And a takeont deubla

followed by a new suit simply

This metbod might not be

perfect, but it works well

eneugh. If you follew it, you

aheuld be able to stay out ef

troubla and improve your

ahowa a sound overcall.

12-15 HCP.

via a takeout deuble.

GOREN BRIDGE

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So if we give the opener 13 points for his bid, we sea thatpartner can have anywhere from 11-17 points. In other werds, yeu might even have eneugh fer game, even though partner could not act initially. Anether consideration is that you certainly don't want

Cameron, Toronto, Out. ef yeur ewn er by asking partner to bid his best suit ing seat and the immediate

Pasa Pass ?

ena that has won faver with a the auctien is nver.

In the balancing seat, weaker hands. That is

Hew can yeu be sure that

ngyang has denied the allegations. The North Korean charge was

An official statement said the resented an attempt by the Seoul will of the deceased."

> While they have welcomed a provincial electoral system, they said

> > seeking free and fair elections. After the three-hour KBL caucus. Mr. Marcos issued a pro-

Marcos agrees to adopt electoral reforms for '84

MANILA (R) — The ruling New Society Movement, the KBL, Monday agreed to adopt electoral reforms to encourage opponents of Philippines President Ferdinand Marcos to contest next year's parliamentary elections, the

government said. The ruling party approved chanees in the national assembly from regional to provincial representation — one of the opposition's major demands for next

year's polls. It also agreed to drop the block votiog system in which Filipinos simply voted for a party's list of candidates rather than for ind-

ject to a national plehiscite for ratification. far reacted coolly to the reforms.

they had yet to be convinced that the government was sincere in

The assembly is also expected to some would see it.

consider the president's proposal for two assemblymen to join his newly-created hoard of inquiry into the murder in August of opposition leader Benigno Aquino.

Two major opposition groups have dominated anti-government demonstrations sparked off by Mr. Aquino's murder. One is the 12-party coalition known as UNfDO. and the other the recently-formed Justice for Mr. Aquino, Justice for All (JAJA) Movement.

'Marcos should go'

Salvador Laurel, UNIDO president, told Reuters he welcomed the proposed change to provincial representation. But he said that proposed constitutional changes although UNIDO wanted to conwould have to be put to the ass- test the 1984 assembly elections, embly as a constituent body. If Mr. Marcos should step down or approved, they would then be sub- take indefinite leave to pave the

way for real change: Western Observers said rivals of Opposition politicians have so Mr. Marcos wanted provincial representation because they lacked the organisation to mount reg-

ional election campaigns. "The opposition finds itself between the devil and the deep hlue sea," one Western diplomat said. "If it takes part in the national assembly elections in May clamation calling for a special ses-sion of the national assembly Tue-siderable gains, but it may lose sday, apparently to discuss the some of its popular support for proposed constitutional ame- putting a stamp of legitimacy on the Marcos presidential system, as

Policemen shot in Punjab

Oct. 5.

NEW DELHI (R) — Unidentified gunmen shot dead a policeman and wounded another in India's troubled northern state of Punjab Monday, the Press Trust of India (PTI) news agency rep-

The agency said the policemen were shot Monday morning in a bus in Amritsar District, centre of a militant Sikh campaign to win religious concessions and greater autonomy. No details of the assailants, who

escaped from the bus after the inc-

ident, were available. PTf said.

killed and 50 injured in bomb attacks and clashes with police in Punjab and Delhi over the past

the army given special powers to deal with troublemakers after extremists shot dead eight Hindus on

In another attack on police, extremists Sunday night threw an army hand grenade at a police sta-tion in Punjab's administrative centre Chandigarh, PTI said. The Grenade did not explode.

the agency added. Police Monday used teargas and baton charge to disperse an angry crowd protesting against a bomb attack on a Hindu temple, in Punjab's central Ludhiana City Sunday, in which two people were At least 12 people have been

PTI said all the temples in the city were closed for an indefinite period following the attack and The prosperous farming state was placed under direct rule and mark of protest against the attack. black flags flew from them as a

Army warns Grenadans as power crisis goes on

- An apparant power struggle take action against any disturbances.

Prime Minister Maurice Bisorted to be under house arrest. The Caribbean news agency

CANA Sunday quoted political.

BRIDGETOWN, Barbados (R) speaking island of 115,000.

— An apparant power struggle Mr. Coard, 39, was reported by

within Grenada's ruling leftist state-run radio to have resigned New Jewel Movement (NJM) on Friday to refute "vicious rumkept the Caribbean island in a ours' that he had tried to oust and state of political suspension as the kill Mr. Bishop in a move to carry army gave warning that it would the government further to the left. The radio said Saturday night

public since Wednesday, was rep- - while the armed forces issued a warning that it would take action against any disturbances. The Grenadan authorities are sources in St. George's as saving refusing to let any foreign jouthat former Deputy Prime Min-ister Bernard Coard now seemed expelled from the country Sat-

people organising pro-Bishop demonstrations in the streets of hop, 39, who has not been seen in the capital had been arrested

the strongman on the English- urday, according to CANA. how they got my name."

ause he was making "somewhat of 'Dead spy' turns up in

LONDON (R) — A Briton reported killed in battle in Afghanistan has turned up alive and well in southern England, the Sunday Times newspaper rep-

The identity of the man with a British passport who did die in the South Asian country is now a mys-

Hc was named by Afghan authorities earlier this month as a British spy, Stuart Bodman, 30. They said he had been killed in a battle between government troops and anti-Communist insurgents. The Sunday Times said there was no doubt that the man found

dead had horrowed Mr. Bodman's

The real Stuart Bodman, a 30-year-old warehouseman, told the newspaper: "I've never been further than (the English Channel Island of) Jersey and I don't know

Kissinger plans to meet leftist, rightist dissidents

Central America, back from a quick tour of six nations in the troubled region, plans to meet rebel leaders from El Salvador and Nicaragua, commission chairman Henry Kissinger said.

The 14-member commission,

where junta leader Daniel Ortega accused the United States of wag-

no secret of the fact that they con-

WASHINGTON (R) - President sidered the commission's visit lit-Reagan's special commission on the more than a public relations exercise to camouflage U.S. att-

In Panama and Costa Rica, which so far have been spared the violence in much of Central America, government leaders told Dr. Kissinger their countries faced serious conomic problems that could cause a crisis and lead to social unrest.

the rate of \$1 billion a year for the next decade.

In El Salvador, the Kissinge commission saw an upsurge in violence by rightist death squads and leftist rebels fighting the U.S.backed government.